

2-21-22

EXERCISE PROBLEMS FOR THE EXAM

Prob. #3

Given : 4X2 beam

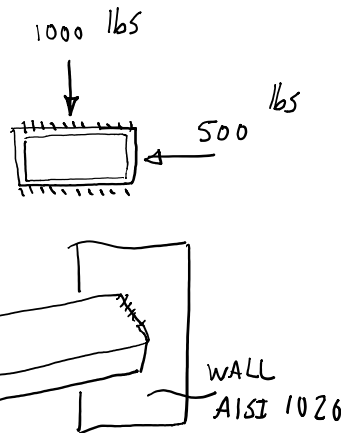
$E = 60$

$h = 0.25$

AISI 1020 wall

$L = 10''$

(ignore direct shear)



Find

M_s, M_f

Stress due to 1000 lb load

$$\tau_1 = \frac{Mc}{I_t} = \frac{10000(1)}{1.414} = 7072.1 \text{ Psi (oop)}$$

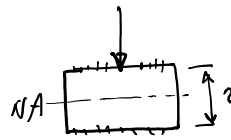
where

$$M = 1000(10) = 10,000 \text{ in-lb}$$

$$c = 1$$

$$I_t = I_{wt} = 8(0.17675) = 1.414 \text{ in}^4$$

where



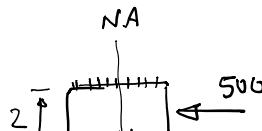
$$\frac{4(2)^2}{2} = 8 \text{ in}^3$$

Stresses due to 500 lb load

$$\tau_2 = \frac{Mc}{I_t} = \frac{5000(2)}{1.885} = 5305 \text{ Psi (oop)}$$

where

$$M = 500(10) = 5000 \text{ in-lb}$$

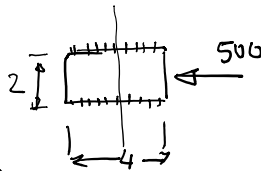


where

$$M = 500(10) = 5000 \text{ in-lb}$$

$$C = 2$$

$$I_t = I_u t = (10.667)(0.17675)$$



where

$$I_{xt} = \frac{d^3}{6} = \frac{(4)^3}{6} = 10.667 \text{ in}^3$$

$$I_t = 1.885 \text{ in}^3$$

Total stress

$$\tau = \tau_1 + \tau_2 = 12377.1 \text{ PSI}$$

Strength

$$S_{ys} = 0.3 S_{ut}$$

$$S_{ut} (\text{Weld metal}) = 62 \text{ ksi}$$

$$S_{ut} (\text{AISI 1020 in Hot Rolled}) = 55 \text{ ksi}$$

$$S_{ys} = 0.3 (55) = 16.5 \text{ ksi}$$

Factor of safety (static)

$$M_s = \frac{S_{ys}}{\tau} = \frac{16.5}{12.38} = 1.3 \leftarrow$$

Fatigue Analysis (fully alternating)

$$M_f = \frac{S_{es}}{\tau_{a,act}} = \frac{12}{33.4} = 0.36 \leftarrow$$

where

$$S_{es} = K_a K_c S'_e = (0.74)(0.59)(27.5) = 12 \text{ ksi}$$

where

$$-0.995$$

$$K_a = a S_{ut}^b = 39.9 (55)$$

$$K_a = 0.74$$

$$K_c = 0.59$$

$$S_e' = \frac{1}{2} S_{ut} = \frac{1}{2} (55) = 27.5 \text{ ksi}$$

Also

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_{a,act} &= K_f \tau_{a,nom} \\ &= 2.7 (12.377) = 33.4 \text{ Psi} \end{aligned}$$

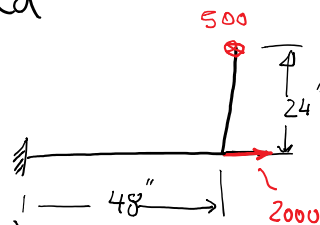
Prob #4

Given: geometry and load

$$h = 3/8 \text{ "}$$

E 70

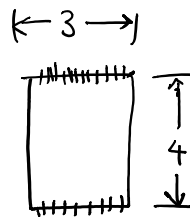
Find n_s (static loading)



Stress from tensile force

$$\tau_d = \frac{F}{A_t} = \frac{2000}{1.59} = 1257.86 \text{ Psi}$$

(OOP)



where

$$A_t = (2)(3)t = 6(0.265) = 1.59$$

where

$$t = 0.707 h = 0.707 (3/8) = 0.265 \text{ "}$$

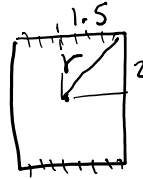
Stress from torsion

$$\tau_t = \frac{Tr}{J_t} = \frac{12000 (2.5)}{7.55} = 3973.5 \text{ (IP)}$$

where

$$T = 500(24) = 12000$$

$$r = \sqrt{2^2 + 1.5^2} = 2.5$$



where

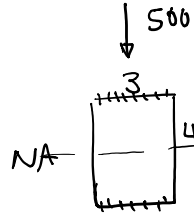
$$J_t = J_u t = (28.5)(0.265) = 7.55 \text{ in}^4$$

where

$$J_u = \frac{d(3b^2 + d^2)}{6}$$
$$= \frac{3(3 \cdot 4^2 + 3^2)}{6} = 28.5 \text{ in}^3$$

Stresses from bending

$$\tau_b = \frac{Mc}{I_t} = \frac{500(48)(2)}{6.36}$$



where

$$I_{tu} = \frac{bd^2}{2} = \frac{3(4)^2}{2} = 24 \text{ in}^3$$

$$I_t = 24(0.265) = 6.36$$

$$\tau_b = 7547.1 \text{ Psi (oop)}$$

Total IP stress

$$\tau_{IP} = 3973.5 \text{ Psi}$$

Total op stress

$$\tau_{op} = 1257.8 + 7547.1 = 8805 \text{ Psi}$$

Resultant stress

Psi

$$\tau = \sqrt{\tau_{ip}^2 + \tau_{op}^2} = 9660$$

Factor of safety

$$n = \frac{S_{ys}}{\tau} = \frac{21000}{9660} = 2.17 \leftarrow$$

where $S_{ys} = 0.3 S_{ut} = 0.3 (70) = 21$ Ksi

Prob. #1 Spring Design

Given: $D_o = 1.8$

$$d = 0.2$$

A227

$$F_{min} = 40 \text{ lbs}$$

$$L_{F_{min}} = 3''$$

$$F_{max} = 120 \text{ lbs}$$

$$L_{F_{max}} = 2''$$

Square ends

Set-removed

Find: L_o , f , τ_s , n_s , n_f

Calculate K from forces

$$\Delta F = K \Delta x$$

$$(120 - 40) = K (3 - 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow K = 80 \text{ lbs/in}$$

Calculating free length

$$\Delta F = K \Delta x$$

$$(40 - 0) = 80 (L_o - 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow L_0 = 3.5 \text{ in} \leftarrow$$

fractional overrun to closure

$$f = \frac{\bar{F}_s - F_{\max}}{F_{\max}} = \frac{120 - 120}{120} = 0 \leftarrow$$

where

$$\Delta F = K \Delta X$$

$$(F_s - 0) = 80 (3.5 - L_s) = 80(3.5 - 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{F}_s = 120 \text{ lbs}$$

where

$$L_s = d(N_t + 1) = 0.2(9 + 1) = 2''$$

where

$$N_t = N + 2 = 7 + 2 = 9$$

where

$$K = \frac{d^4 G}{8 D^3 N}$$

$$80 = \frac{(0.2)^4 * (11.5 * 10^6)}{8 (1.6)^3 N}$$

where

$$D = D_0 - d$$

$$= 1.8 - 0.2$$

$$D = 1.6$$

$$\Rightarrow N \approx 7 \text{ turns}$$

shear stress at solid length

$$\tau = K_B \frac{8 F_s D}{\pi d^3} = 1.17 \frac{8 (120) (1.6)}{\pi (0.2)^3} = 71627.3 \text{ Psi} \leftarrow$$

where

$$K_B = \frac{4C+2}{4C-3} = \frac{4(8)+2}{4(8)-3} = 1.17$$

where

$$C = \frac{D}{d} = \frac{1.6}{0.2} = 8$$

Factor of Safety

$$n = \frac{S_{ys}}{\tau} = \frac{123.5}{71.62} = 1.72$$

where

$$S_{ys} = 0.65 S_{ut} \quad (\text{set-removed})$$

where

$$S_{ut} = \frac{A}{d^m} = \frac{140}{(0.2)^{0.19}} = 190 \text{ ksi}$$

where

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} A = 140 \text{ ksi} \\ m = 0.19 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{Table} \\ 10-4 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{ys} = 0.65 (190) = 123.5 \text{ ksi}$$

Fatigue Analysis

minimum & max stress

$$\tau_{min} = K_B \frac{8 F_{min} D}{\pi d^3} = 1.172 \frac{8(40)(1.6)}{\pi (0.2)^3}$$

$$\tau_{min} = 23875.8 \text{ Psi}$$

$$\tau_{max} = 71627.3 \text{ Psi}$$

mean & alternating stresses

$$\tau_m = \frac{\tau_{min} + \tau_{max}}{2} = 47751.5 \text{ Psi}$$

$$\tau_a = \frac{\tau_{\max} - \tau_{\min}}{2} = 23875.8$$

using Goodman Criterion

$$\frac{1}{n} = \frac{\tau_a}{S_{es}} + \frac{\tau_m}{S_{us}}$$

where

$$S_{us} = 0.67 S_{ut} = 0.67(190)$$

$$S_{us} = 127.3 \text{ ksi}$$

From Zimmerelli method & Goodman

$$S_{es} = \frac{35}{1 - \left(\frac{55}{S_{us}}\right)} = \frac{35}{1 - \left(\frac{55}{127.3}\right)}$$

$$S_{es} = 61.6 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\frac{1}{n_f} = \frac{23.87}{61.6} + \frac{47.7}{127.3} = 0.76$$

$$\Rightarrow n_f = 1.3$$

Prob # 2 (motor cycle Spring)

Given $L_0 = 6''$ lbs
 $F_{\min} = 50$ lbs $L_{F_{\min}} = 5''$
 $F_{\max} = 150$ lbs $L_{F_{\max}}$

$$d = 0.25$$

$$D_0 = 2.75$$

$$A 227$$

Set-removed
Squared & ground ends

Find

N_s

$\int$

find K from forces

$$\Delta F = K \Delta X$$

$$(50 - 0) = K (6 - 5) \Rightarrow K = 50 \text{ lb/in}$$

find N , number of active coils

$$K = \frac{d^4 G}{8 D^3 N} \Rightarrow 50 = \frac{(0.25)(11.4 \times 10^6)}{8 (2.5)^3 N}$$

where

$$D = D_{\max} - d = 2.75 - 0.25 = 2.5$$

$$\Rightarrow N = 7.125 \text{ turns}$$

Total # of coils

Turns

$$N_t = N + 2 \Rightarrow N_t = 9.125$$

Finding $L_{F_{\max}}$

$$\Delta F = K \Delta X$$

$$(F_{\max} - 0) = 50 (6 - L_{F_{\max}})$$

$$\Rightarrow L_{F_{\max}} = 3''$$

Solid Force calculation

$$\Delta F = K \Delta x$$

$$(F_s - 0) = 80 (6 - 2.281) \Rightarrow F_s = 185.9 \text{ lbs}$$

where

$$L_s = d N_t$$

$$= 0.25 (9.125)$$

$$L_s = 2.281$$

Fractional overrun to closure

$$f = \frac{F_s - F_{\max}}{F_{\max}} = \frac{185.9 - 150}{150} = 0.24 \leftarrow$$

Shear stress at solid length

$$\tau_s = K_B \frac{8 F_s D}{\pi d^3} = 1.135 \frac{8 (185.9) (2.5)}{\pi (0.25)^3}$$

$$\text{where } K_B = \frac{4C+2}{4C-3} = \frac{4(10)+2}{4(10)-3} = 1.135$$

$$\text{where } C = \frac{D}{d} = \frac{2.5}{0.25} = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau_s = 85968 \text{ Psi}$$

Strength in Shear

$$S_{ys} = 0.65 S_{ut} = 0.65 (182.2) = 118.4 \text{ ksi}$$

where

$$S_{ut} = \frac{A}{d^m} = \frac{140}{(0.25)^{0.19}}$$

$$S_{ut} = 182.2 \text{ Ksi}$$

Factor of Safety

$$n = \frac{S_{us}}{\tau} = \frac{118.4}{85.97} = 1.38 \leftarrow$$

Would the spring buckle?

For absolute stability

$$L_0 < 2.63 \frac{D}{\alpha}$$

where $\alpha = 0.5$ (fixed ends)

$$L_0 = 6''$$

$$2.63 \frac{D}{\alpha} = 2.63 \left(\frac{2.5}{0.5} \right) = 13.2$$

$$\text{Since } L_0 < 2.63 \frac{D}{\alpha}$$

$\Rightarrow$ The spring will not buckle
