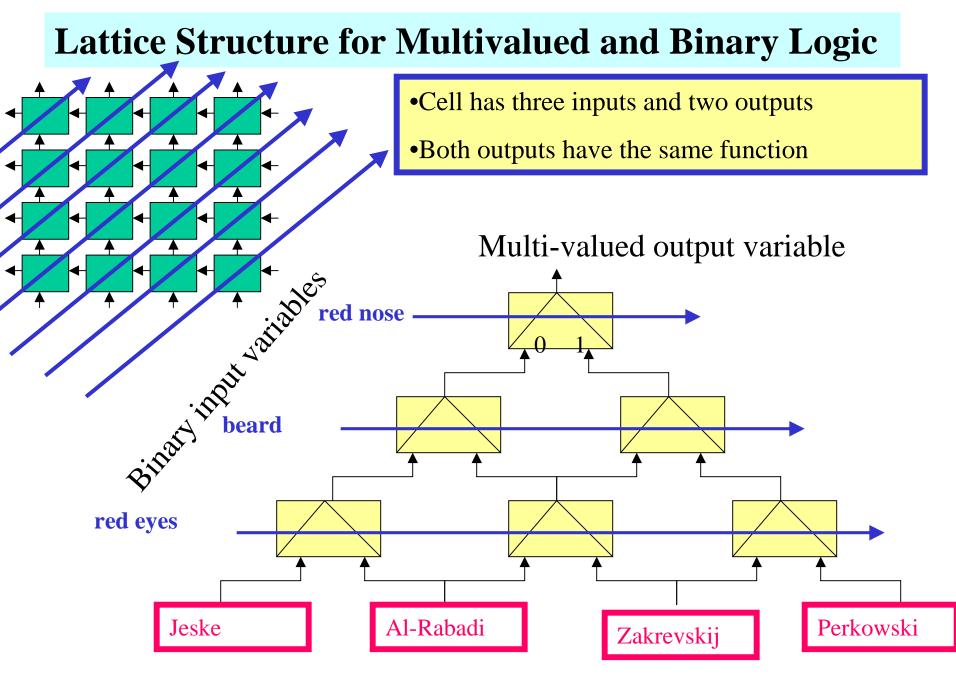


•Realizes every binary symmetric function

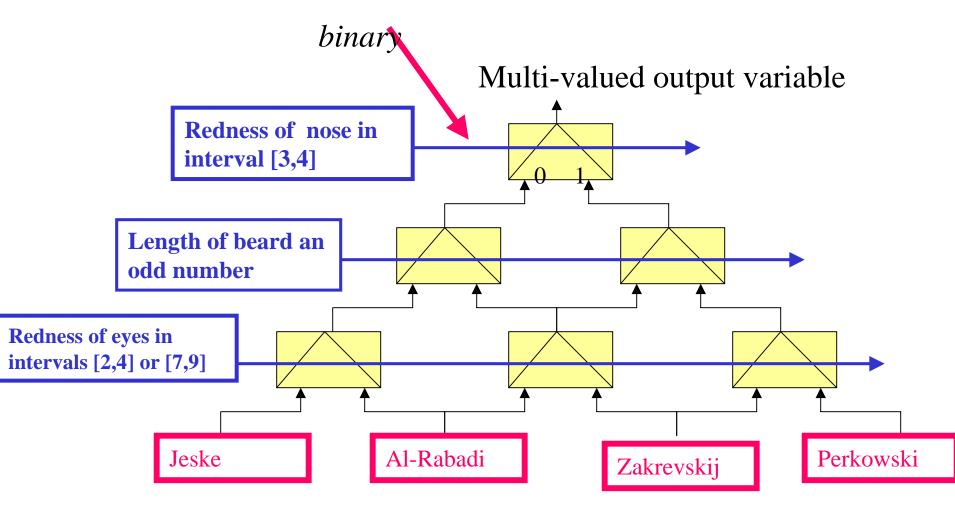
•Realizes every nonsymmetric function by repeating variables

•Realizes piece-wise linear multivalued functions

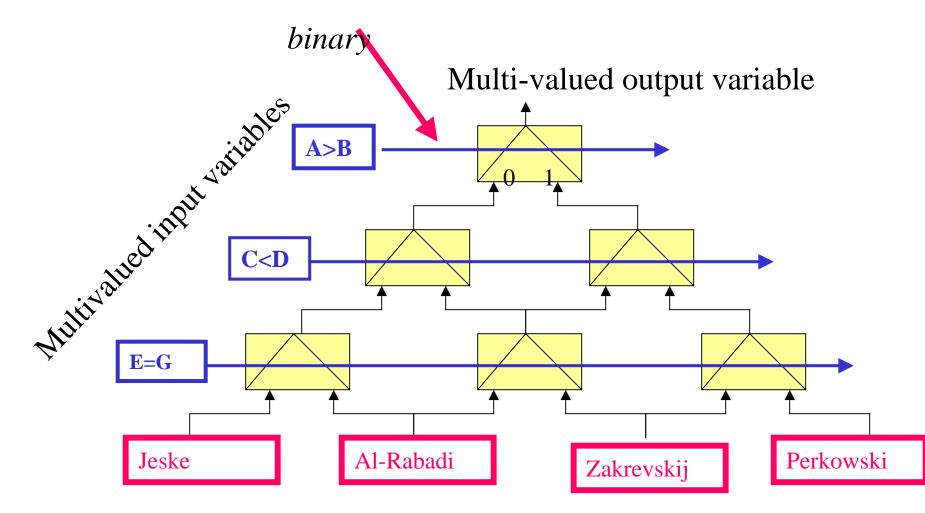
Patented by Pierzchala and Perkowski 1994/1999



Multivalued variables



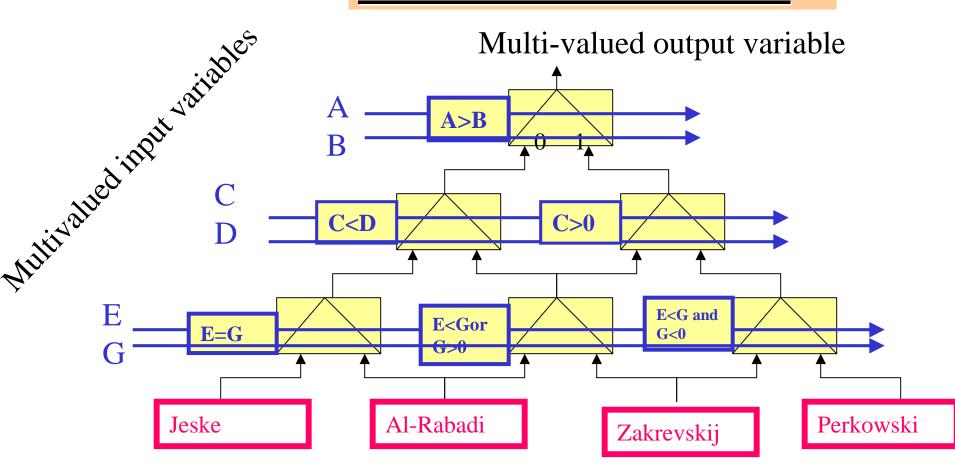
Multivalued variables



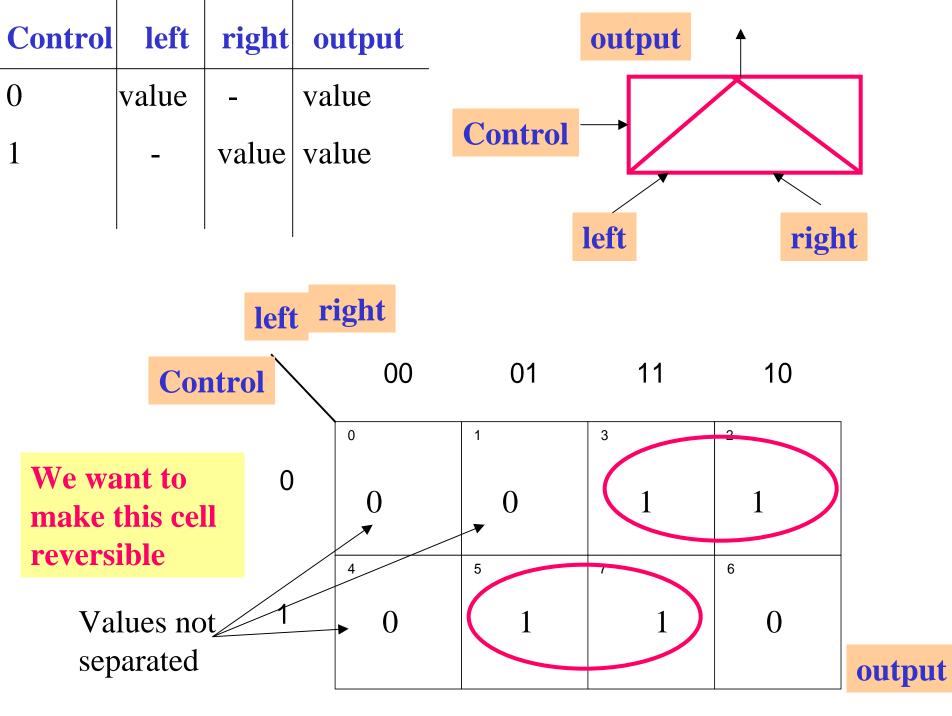
Multivalued input variables

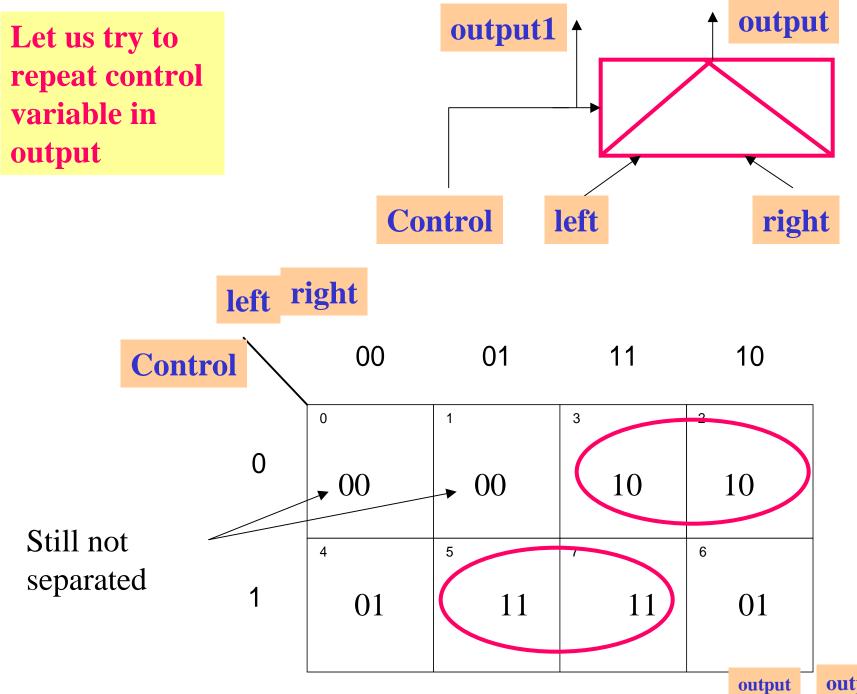
Cell has 4 inputs and 2 outputs

Can we make the cell reversible?

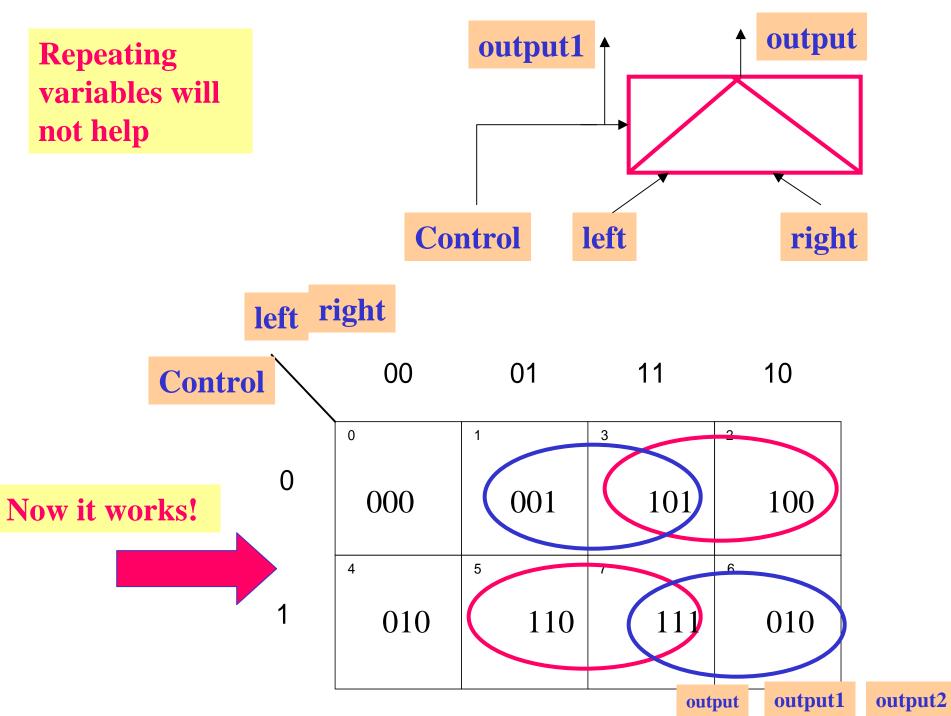


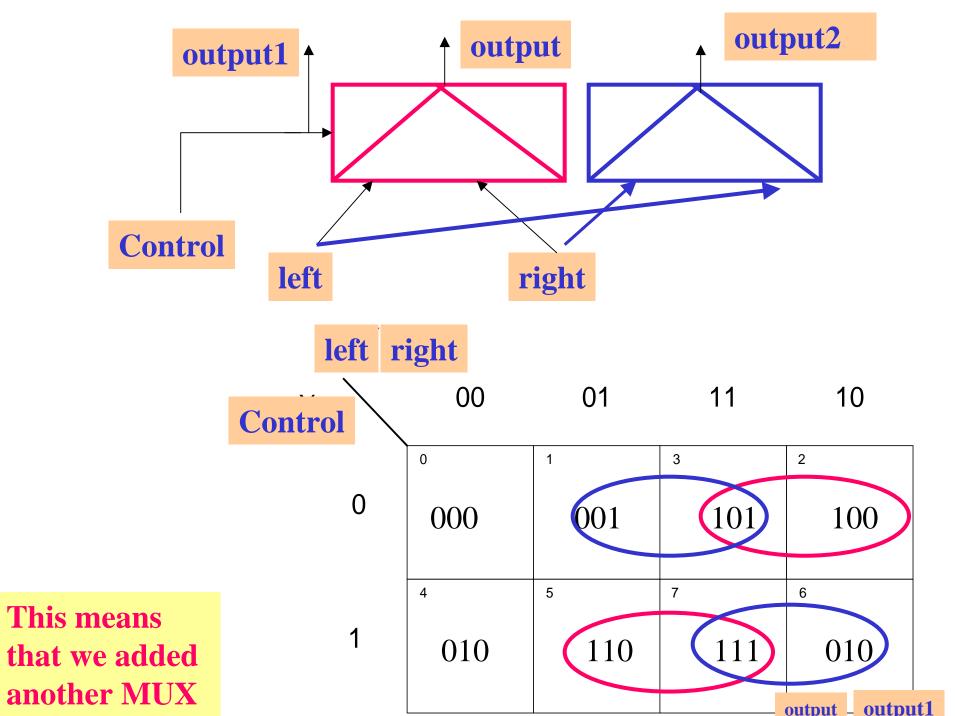
Multivalued input variables





output1

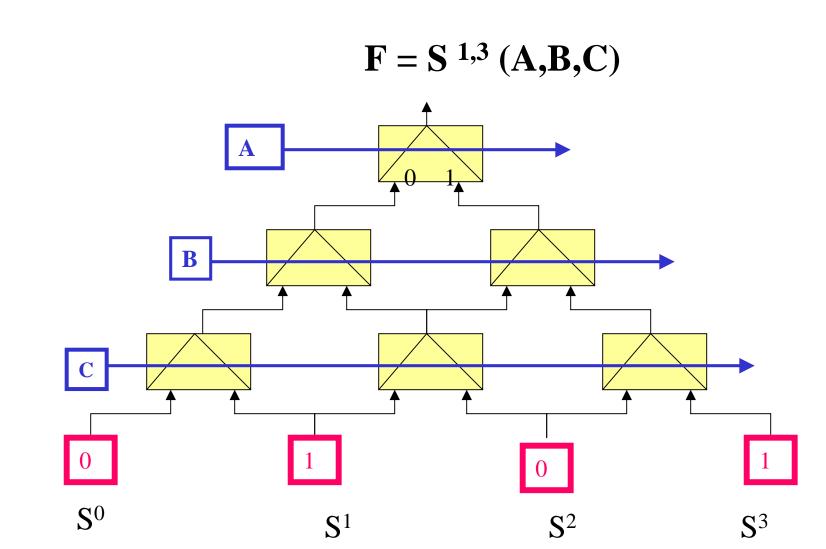




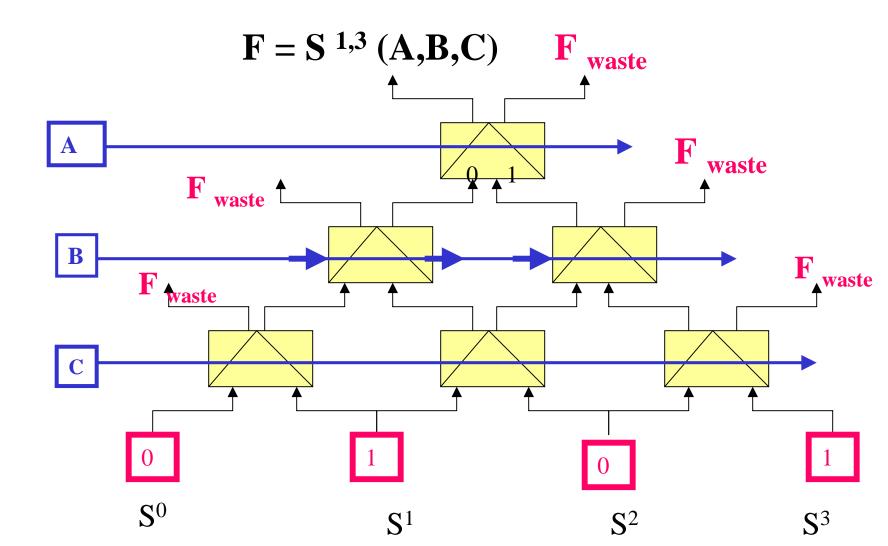
.... And we reinvented the Fredkin Gate!!!

• But how to use it in a Lattice?

Lattice Structure for Binary Logic



Reversible Lattice Structure for Binary Logic



Reversible Lattice Structure for Binary Logic

- •Advantages
- regular structure
- binary Fredkin Gate
- planar structure(good for QuantumLogic)
- •Easy algorithmic creation
- •Reasonable waste

•Disadvantages

- Variable ordering?
- Symmetrization?
- Waste still exist

Should be patented!

Do you remember that there are other binary expansions?

- •All Binary Expansions
- •Shannon S
- •Flipped Shannon fS
- Positive Davio pD
- Negative Davio nD
- Flipped Positive Davio fpD

•Flipped Negative Davio - fnD

Ideas

- Fredkin = <Var, S, fS>
- •what about these?
 - <Var, pD, fpD>
 - <Var, nD, fnD>
 - •<Var, nD, pD>

•

I checked some of them to work

Do you remember that there are other component	
functions of reversible gates	•Ideas
•All Binary Balanced Expansio	• Fredkin = <var, fs="" s,=""></var,>
•	•what about these?
•Linear functions - L	• <n, fpd="" pd,=""></n,>
•Negations - N	• <var, fnd="" m,=""></var,>
•Majorities - M	• <var, l="" nd,=""></var,>
	•

I checked some of them to work As you see, this opens a very broad area of research that will lead to invention of new reversible gates and regular structures that use them

- •Easy way to become a pioneer:
- Investigate all combinations
- Use genetic programming or other search methods to build structures and map functions to them
- •There is a place for many researchers
- Nobody does this research

But this was only for binary

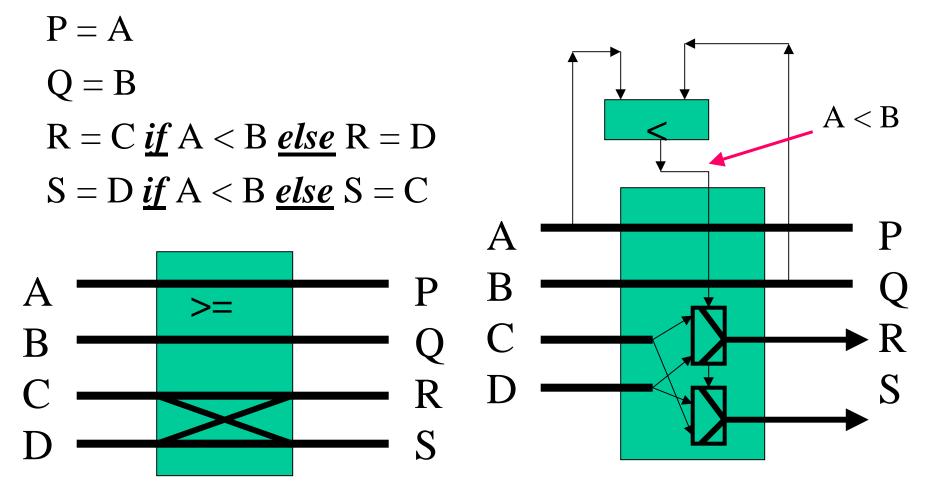
What about multivalued, fuzzy, arithmetic or other logics?

.... And we reinvented the Fredkin Gate!!

• But what about the variant with two control signals?

Multi-valued Fredkin Gate

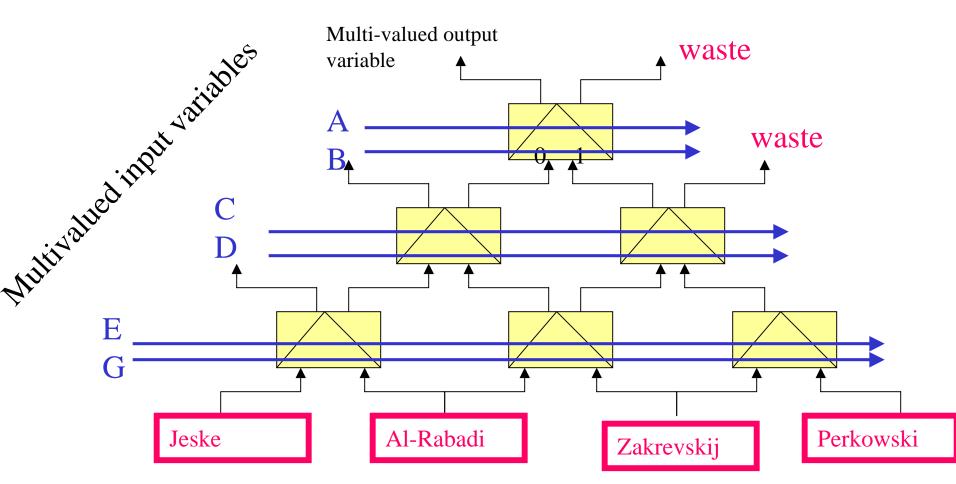
• MVFG is described by equations:



MV and Generalized **MV**

Cell has 4 inputs and 4 outputs

Cell is reversible!



Multivalued input variables

Fredkin

Multi-valued logic generates less signals

Hence it generates less waste

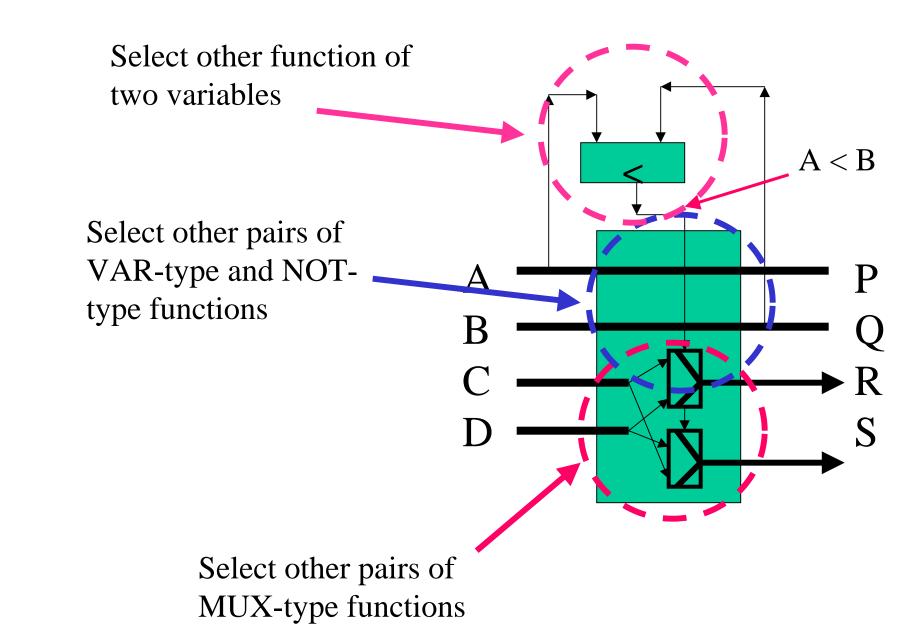
<u>Of course, it generates also less</u> <u>power, less connections and is</u> <u>easier to test</u>

The main open research problem

- •The real-life functions are multi-output.
- •Thus, there exists an opportunity to re-use some waste functions in other output functions
- •This is a tough problem.
- •I do not know now how to solve it!



Generalized Multi-valued Fredkin Gate

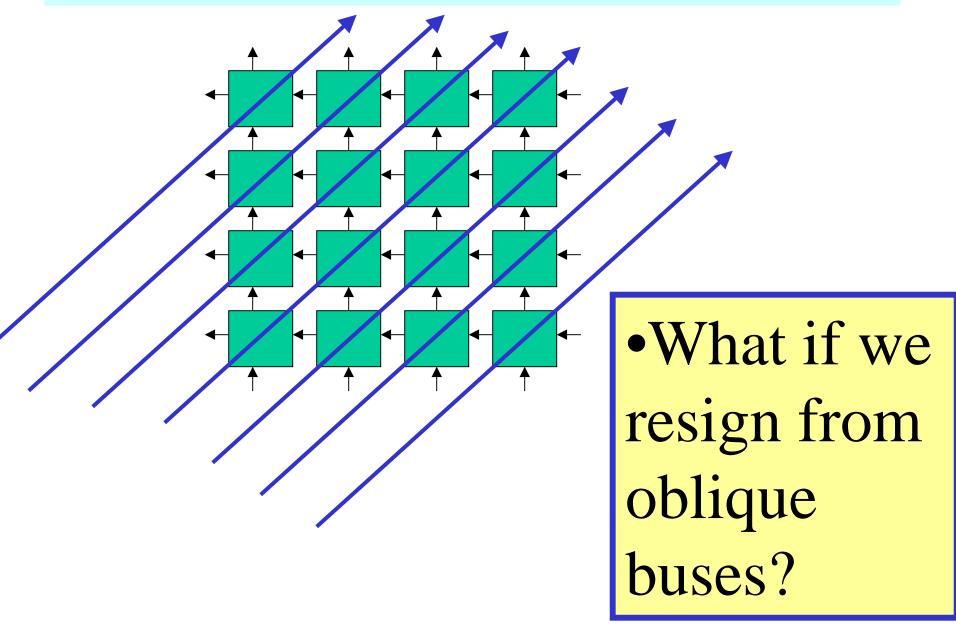


Generalized Multi-valued Fredkin Gate

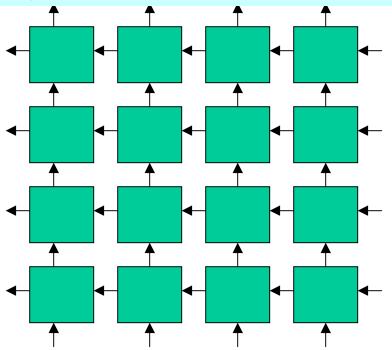
- •The number of these gates is astronomical
- •We need both computer generation and some intelligence, simply generating them all would be a nonsense
- •Very wide area of research
- •It will give hints to gate designers what to look for



Let us go back to our fundamental invention.....



Buses are removed and each cell is programmed individually.....



•Some regularity is lost!

