CS 581: Theory of Computation Spring 2011 Mid-term exam James Hook

This is a closed-notes, closed-book exam.

1. Context Free Grammars

Recall that a context free grammar is a four-tuple, $G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$.

- (a) Define the language generated by a context free grammar. Include any necessary supporting definitions.
- (b) Define the phrase "a string is generated ambiguously by grammar G". Give any additional supporting definitions required to define this concept.
- (c) Give an example of a grammar that generates a string ambiguously.
- (d) Illustrate the definition and the grammar by showing the ambiguity in your grammar.
- 2. Index of a language

For each of the following languages over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ determine its index. For languages of finite index please give a set of pairwise distinguishable strings exactly the size of the index. For languages of infinite index give a rule that generates an infinite set of pairwise distinguishable strings (it need not be complete, but it must be infinite). Briefly justify why the strings are distinguishable.

- (a) Σ^*
- (b) *a*
- (c) a^*
- (d) a^*b^*
- (e) $\{a^n b^n | n \ge 0\}$
- 3. Myhill Nerode Theorem

Prove that every language with finite index k is accepted by a DFA with k states. Please give a detailed argument. (This was part of a homework problem.)

4. Pumping Lemma for Context Free Languages

Use the pumping lemma for context free languages to prove that the language of palindromes over $\{0, 1\}$ with an equal number of 0s and 1s is not context free. (Sipser 2.31)