

# CS 591: Introduction to Computer Security

## Information Flow

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## Background

- Denning and Denning, Certification of Programs for Secure Information Flow, CACM 20(7), July 1977
- Presentation summarized in Bishop Chapter 15

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## Program analysis

- What if we try to track information flow within a program?
- We have access control for files, processes and users
  - what about variables?

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## Explicit flows

- $x := 17$
- $l := h$
- $h := l$

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## Implicit flows

- How can we write  $l := h$ ?
- Assume  $l$  and  $h$  are Booleans
  - if  $h$  then  $l := \text{true}$  else  $l := \text{false}$
  - $l := \text{true}$ ; if not  $h$  then  $l := \text{false}$  else skip
  - $l := \text{false}$ ; while  $h$  do  $l := \text{true}$

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## Simple "while" language

– Sabelfeld and Myers Figures 2 and 3

- $C ::= \text{skip}$ 
  - |  $\text{var} := \text{exp}$
  - |  $C1; C2$
  - |  $\text{if exp then } C1 \text{ else } C2$
  - |  $\text{while exp do } C$

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## Type system

- Judgment forms:
- Every variable in  $exp$  is at or below level  
 $\vdash exp : level$
- Every assignment in  $C$  is at or above  $pc$   
 $[pc] \vdash C$

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## Inference Rules

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{[E1-2]} \quad \vdash exp : high \quad \frac{h \notin Vars(exp)}{\vdash exp : low} \\
 \\
 \text{[C1-3]} \quad [pc] \vdash \text{skip} \quad [pc] \vdash h := exp \quad \frac{\vdash exp : low}{[low] \vdash l := exp} \\
 \\
 \text{[C4-5]} \quad \frac{[pc] \vdash C_1 \quad [pc] \vdash C_2}{[pc] \vdash C_1; C_2} \quad \frac{\vdash exp : pc \quad [pc] \vdash C}{[pc] \vdash \text{while } exp \text{ do } C} \\
 \\
 \text{[C6-7]} \quad \frac{\vdash exp : pc \quad [pc] \vdash C_1 \quad [pc] \vdash C_2}{[pc] \vdash \text{if } exp \text{ then } C_1 \text{ else } C_2} \quad \frac{[high] \vdash C}{[low] \vdash C}
 \end{array}$$

## What is a flow?

- A variable of confidential input does not cause a variation of public output

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## Simple Program

- Multiplication by repeated addition

```
{a,b >= 0}
x := a;
r := 0;
while (x>0) do
    x := x -1;
    r := r + b
{r = a*b}
```

Direct Flows:

a -> x  
b -> r

Indirect Flow:

x -> r

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## Exercise

1.  $h := \text{not } l$
2.  $h := \text{if } l \text{ then false else true}$
3.  $\text{if } l \text{ then } h := \text{false else } h := \text{true}$
4.  $h := \text{true};$   
 $\text{if } l \text{ then } h := \text{false}$   
 $\text{else skip}$
5.  $l := \text{not } h$
6.  $l := \text{if } h \text{ then false else true}$
7.  $\text{if } h \text{ then } l := \text{false else } l := \text{true}$
8.  $l := \text{true};$   
 $\text{if } h \text{ then } l := \text{false}$   
 $\text{else skip}$

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## Theoretical results

- Volpano, Irvine and Smith (JCS '96) showed Soundness
  - “If an expression  $e$  can be given a type  $\tau$  in our system, then Simple Security says ... that only variables at level  $\tau$  or lower in  $e$  will have their contents read when  $e$  is evaluated (no read up)....
  - On the other hand, if a command  $c$  can be given a type  $[\tau]$  |-  $c$  then Confinement says ... that no variable below level  $\tau$  is updated in  $c$  (no write down).”

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## Information Flow Languages

- Two serious implementations of information-flow languages
  - Jif = Java + Information Flow
    - Andrew Myers and others, Cornell
    - <http://www.cs.cornell.edu/jif/>
  - FlowCaml
    - Vincent Simonet
    - <http://cristal.inria.fr/~simonet/soft/flowcaml/>

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## FlowCaml

- An ML-style language with type inference
- Windows executable flowcaml gives an interactive type checker
  - Note: It does not execute the programs, batch compiler flowcamlc compiles them

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## Declaring values

```
let x = 1;;  
let x1 : !alice int = 42;;  
let x2 : !bob int = 53;;
```

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## Anonymous functions and lists

```
let succ = function x -> x + 1;;  
let half = function x -> x lsr 1;;  
let l1 = [1; 2; 3; 4];;  
let l2 = [x1; x2];;
```

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## Defining functions

```
let rec length = function
  [] -> 0
  | _ :: tl -> 1 + length tl;;

let rec mem0 = function
  [] -> false
  | hd :: tl -> hd = 0 || mem0 tl
;;
```

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## Demo

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## Does it work?

- In practice it is not broadly adopted
  - Technical issue is the complexity of managing policy
  - I suspect there are social issues as well ... the technical issues are not show stoppers

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## Recall

- Consider an example (in no particular language)

```
H = readHighDatabase ()
L = readLowUserInput ()
If f (H, L)
    then printLow "Success"
    else printLow "Fail"
```

- Assume H is high and L is Low

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## But!!!

- Consider an example (in no particular language)

```
H = readHighDatabase("passwd")
```

```
L = readLowUserInput()
```

```
If checkPassword(H,L)  
    then printLow "Success"  
    else printLow "Fail"
```

- We do this every day!

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## Password checking paradox

- Why shouldn't we allow someone to write the password program?
- Why should we?

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## Policy

- The password paradox is solved by explicit policy
- Similar issues arise with crypto algorithms
  - LoCypher = encrypt (HighClear, goodKey)
- Cf.
  - LoCypher = encrypt (HighClear, badKey)

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## FlowCaml and Policy

- FlowCaml solves the policy problem by dividing the program into two parts:
  - Flow caml portion (.fml), with all flows checked
  - Regular caml portion with an annotated interface
- The downgrading of encryption or password validation queries is not done within the flow-checked portion

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## Policy

- Zdancewic uses other techniques, including explicit downgrade assertions for confidentiality
- Basic philosophy: uniform enforcement with explicit escape mechanism
  - Focus analysis on the exceptions

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## Further reading

- Dorothy E. Denning and Peter J. Denning, Certification of Programs for Secure Information Flow, <http://www.seas.upenn.edu/~cis670/Spring2003/p504-denning.pdf>
- Dennis Volpano, Geoffrey Smith, and Cynthia Irvine, A Sound Type System for Secure Flow Analysis, <http://www.cs.fiu.edu/~smithg/papers/jcs96.pdf>
- Steve Zdancewic, Lantian Zheng, Nathaniel Nystrom, and Andrew C. Myers, Secure Program Partitioning, <http://www.cis.upenn.edu/~stevez/papers/ZZNM02.pdf>
- Andrei Sabelfeld and Andrew C. Myers, Language-based Information-Flow Security, <http://www.cs.cornell.edu/andru/papers/jsac/sm-jsac03.pdf>
- Peng Li and Steve Zdancewic, Downgrading Policies and Relaxed Noninterference, <http://www.cis.upenn.edu/~stevez/papers/LZ05a.pdf>

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