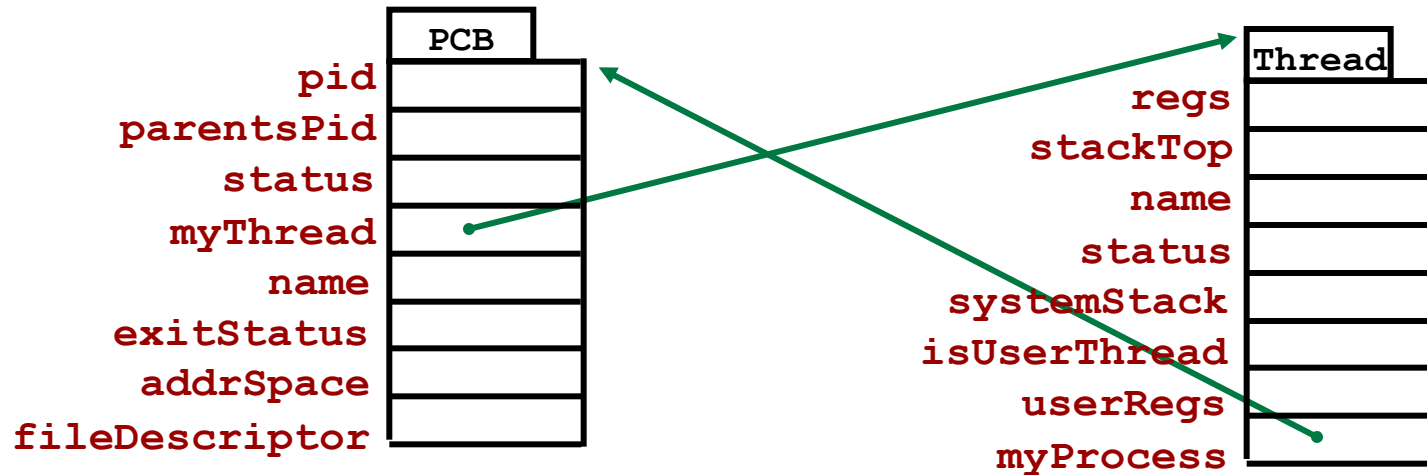


Project 5

Discussion

Threads and Processes - Design Options



```
class ProcessControlBlock
```

```
...
```

```
    myThread: ptr to Thread
```

```
class Thread
```

```
...
```

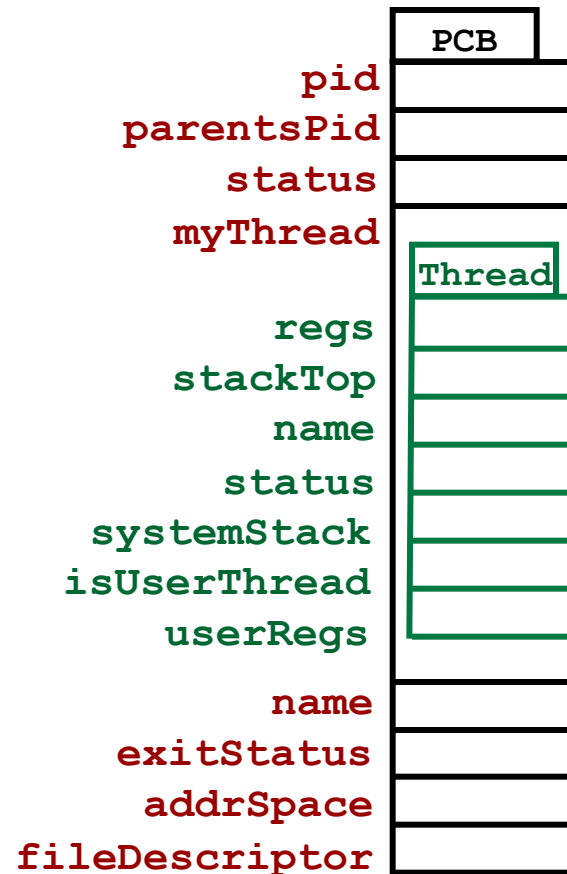
```
    myProcess: ptr to ProcessControlBlock
```

Threads and Processes - Design Options

class ProcessControlBlock

...

myThread: Thread



Threads and Processes - Design Options

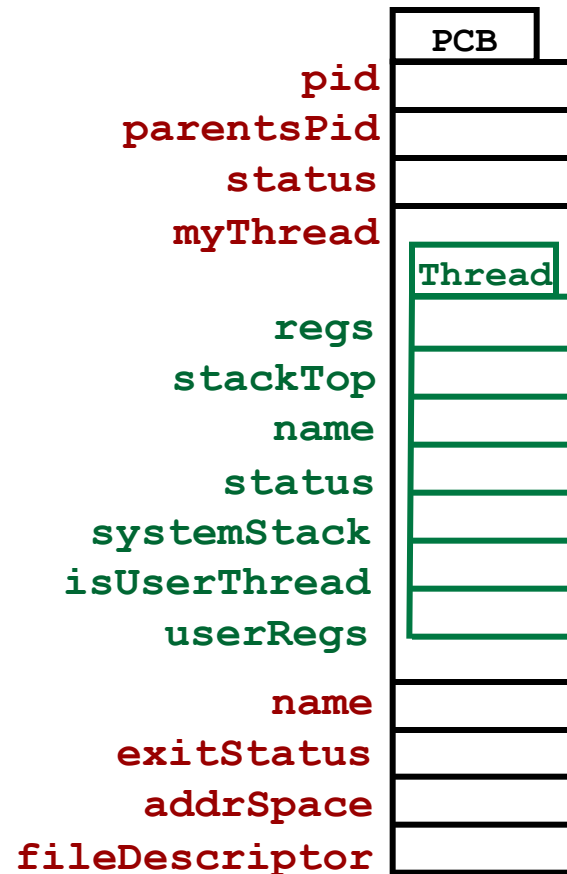
```
class ProcessControlBlock
```

```
...
```

```
    myThread: Thread
```

```
pcb = ...
```

```
... = pcb.myThread.stackTop
```



Threads and Processes - Design Options

```
class ProcessControlBlock
```

```
...
```

```
    myThread: Thread
```

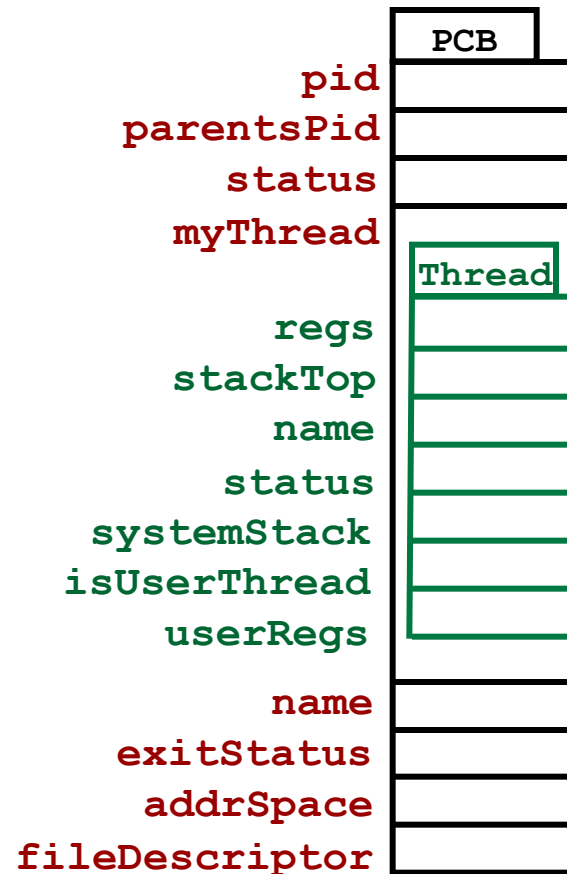
```
pcb = ...
```

```
... = pcb.myThread.stackTop
```

```
var th: Thread
```

```
    th = pcb.myThread
```

```
    ... = th.stackTop
```



Threads and Processes - Design Options

```
class ProcessControlBlock
```

```
...
```

```
    myThread: Thread
```

```
pcb = ...
```

```
... = pcb.myThread.stackTop
```

```
var th: Thread
```

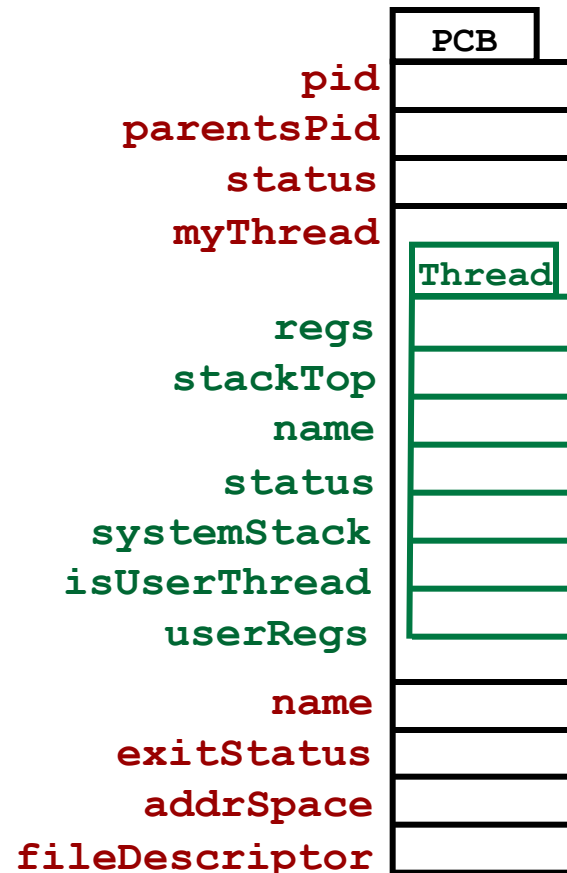
```
    th = pcb.myThread
```

```
    ... = th.stackTop
```

```
var th: ptr to Thread
```

```
    th = & pcb.myThread
```

```
    ... = th.stackTop
```



Threads and Processes - Design Options

```
class ProcessControlBlock
```

```
...
```

```
    myThread: Thread
```

```
pcb = ...
```

```
... = pcb.myThread.stackTop
```

```
var th: Thread
```

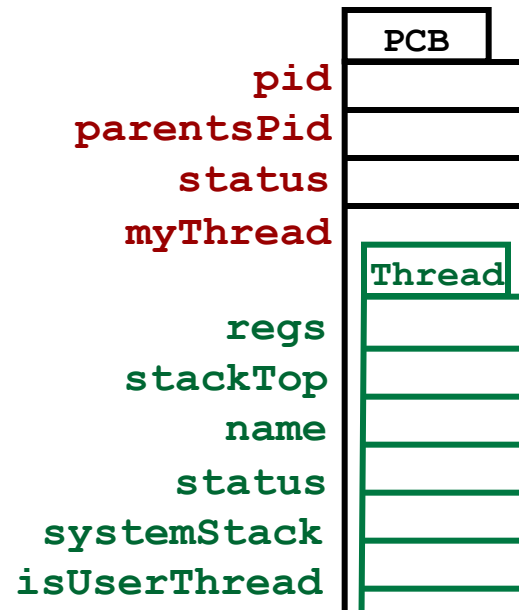
```
    th = pcb.myThread
```

```
    ... = th.stackTop
```

```
var th: ptr to Thread
```

```
    th = & pcb.myThread
```

```
    ... = th.stackTop
```



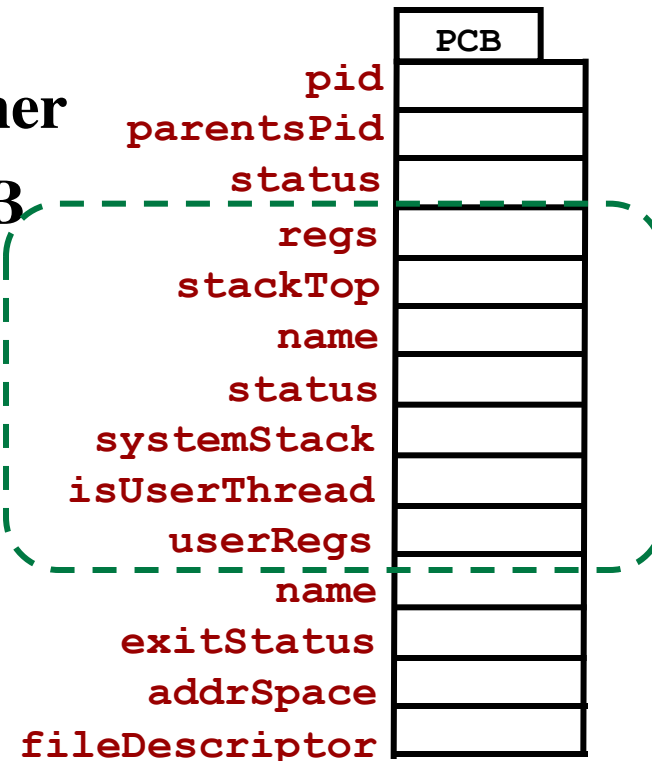
But

*th.stack = ...
is dangerous!*

Threads and Processes - Design Options

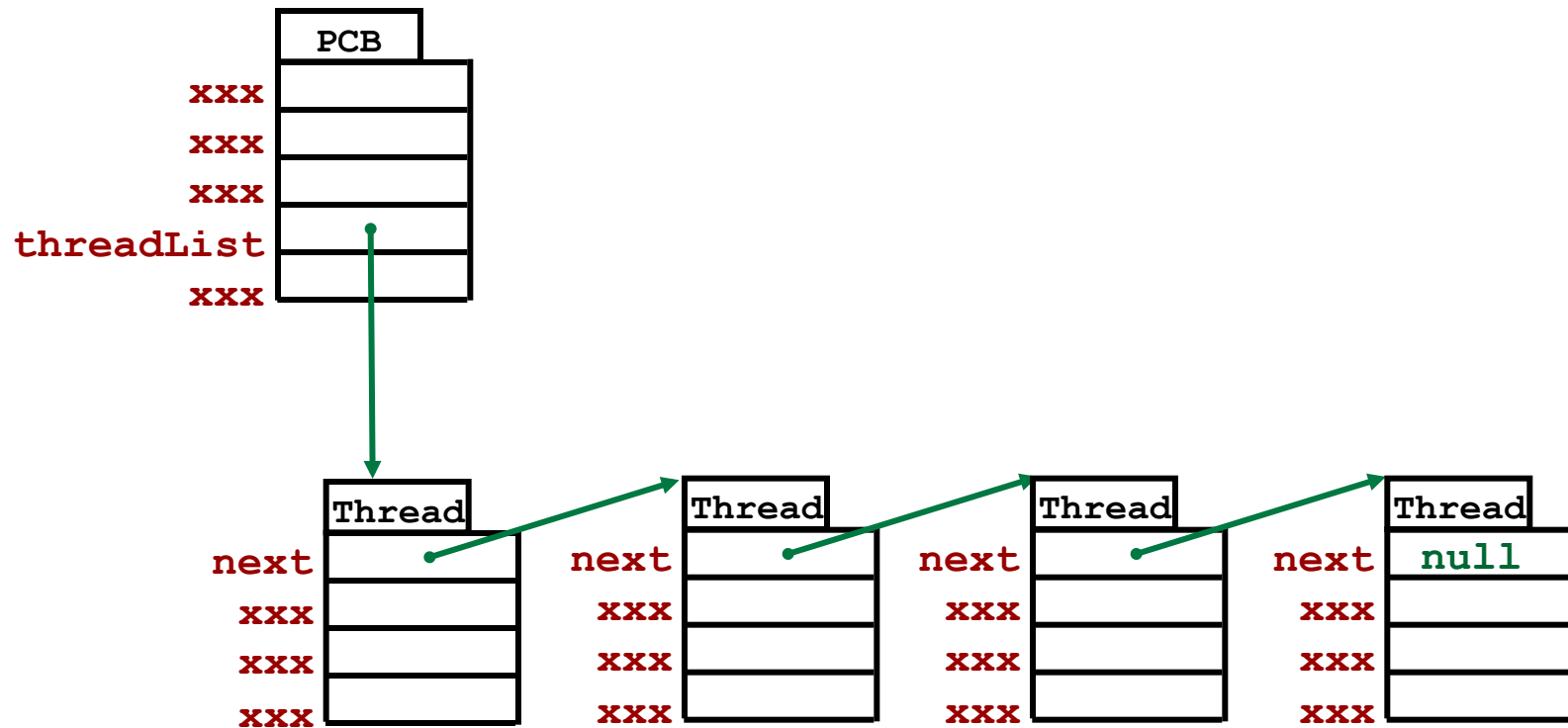
Another Option:

- Get rid of class Thread altogether
- Include all Thread fields in PCB



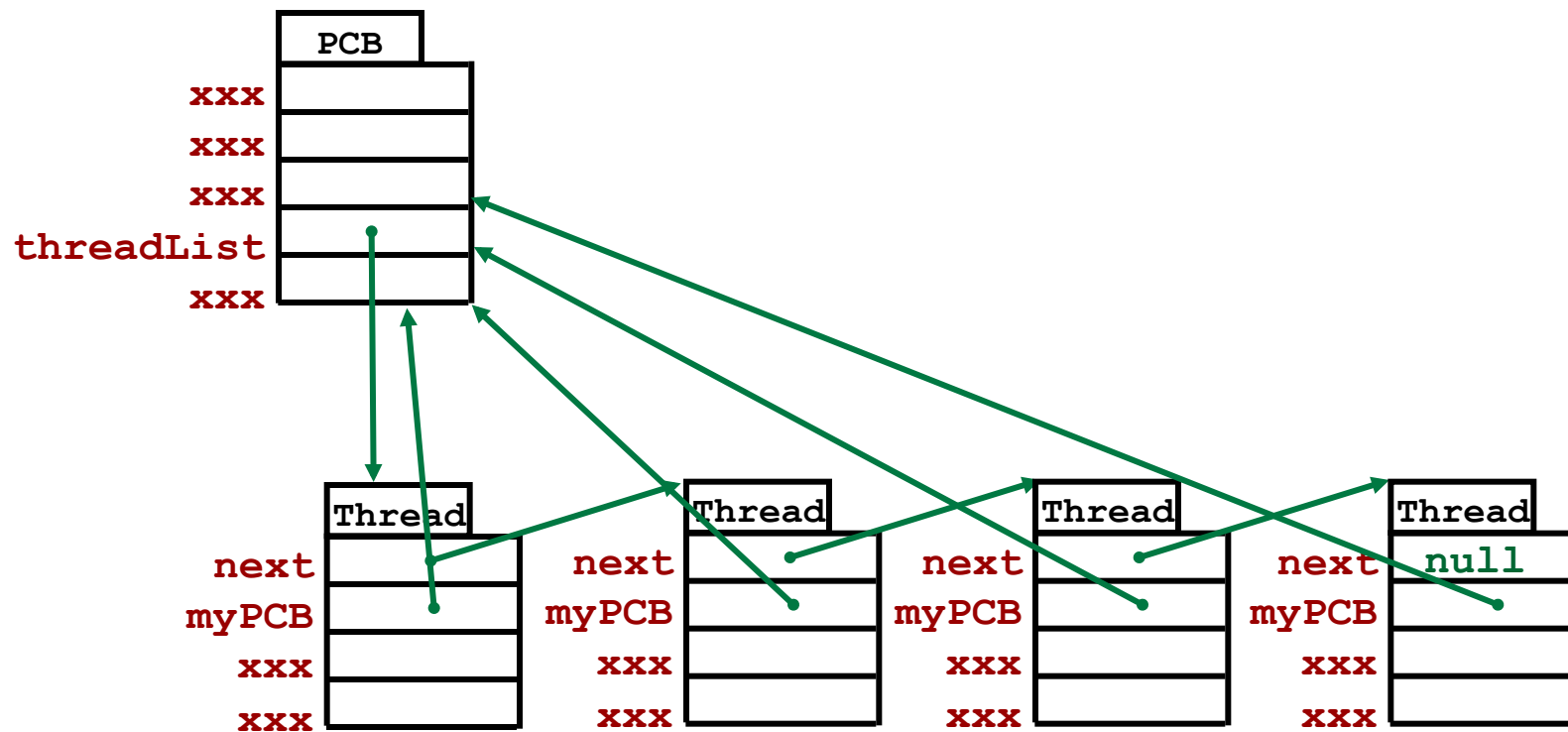
Threads and Processes - Design Options

Multiple Threads per Process



Threads and Processes - Design Options

Multiple Threads per Process



Class Thread

fields

regs: array [13] of int -- Space for r2..r14
stackTop: ptr to void -- Current system stack top ptr
name: ptr to array of char
status: int -- JUST_CREATED, READY,
 -- RUNNING, BLOCKED, UNUSED
initialFunction: ptr to function (int)
initialArgument: int
systemStack: array [SYSTEM_STACK_SIZE] of int
isUserThread: bool
userRegs: array [15] of int -- Space for r1..r15
myProcess: ptr to ProcessControlBlock

Class Thread

methods

Init (n: ptr to array of char)

Fork (fun: ptr to function (int), arg: int)

Yield ()

Sleep ()

CheckOverflow ()

Print ()

Class ProcessControlBlock

fields

pid: int -- The process ID
parentsPid: int -- The pid of the parent of this process
status: int -- ACTIVE, ZOMBIE, or FREE
myThread: ptr to Thread -- Each process has one thread
exitStatus: int -- The value passed to Sys_Exit
addrSpace: AddrSpace -- The logical address space
fileDescriptor: array [MAX_FILES_PER_PROCESS]
 of ptr to OpenFile

Class ProcessControlBlock

methods

Init ()

Print ()

Class ThreadManager

fields

threadTable: array [MAX_NUMBER_OF_PROCESSES]
of Thread

freeList: List [Thread]

threadManagerLock: Mutex

-- These synchronization objects

aThreadBecameFree: Condition

-- apply to the "freeList"

Class ThreadManager

methods

Init ()

Print ()

GetANewThread () returns ptr to Thread

FreeThread (th: ptr to Thread)

Class ProcessManager

fields

processTable: array [MAX_NUMBER_OF_PROCESSES]
of ProcessControlBlock

processManagerLock: Mutex

-- These synchronization objects

aProcessBecameFree: Condition

-- apply to the "freeList"

freeList: List [ProcessControlBlock]

aProcessDied: Condition

-- Signalled for new ZOMBIEs

nextPid: int

Class ProcessManager

methods

Init ()

Print ()

GetANewProcess () returns ptr to ProcessControlBlock

FreeProcess (p: ptr to ProcessControlBlock)

-- **TurnIntoZombie (p: ptr to ProcessControlBlock)**

-- **WaitForZombie (proc: ptr to ProcessControlBlock)**

returns int

The “Stub” File System

Model of disk

Sequence of sectors

The File System

Sector zero contains the directory

Only one directory (a “flat” file system)

Files:

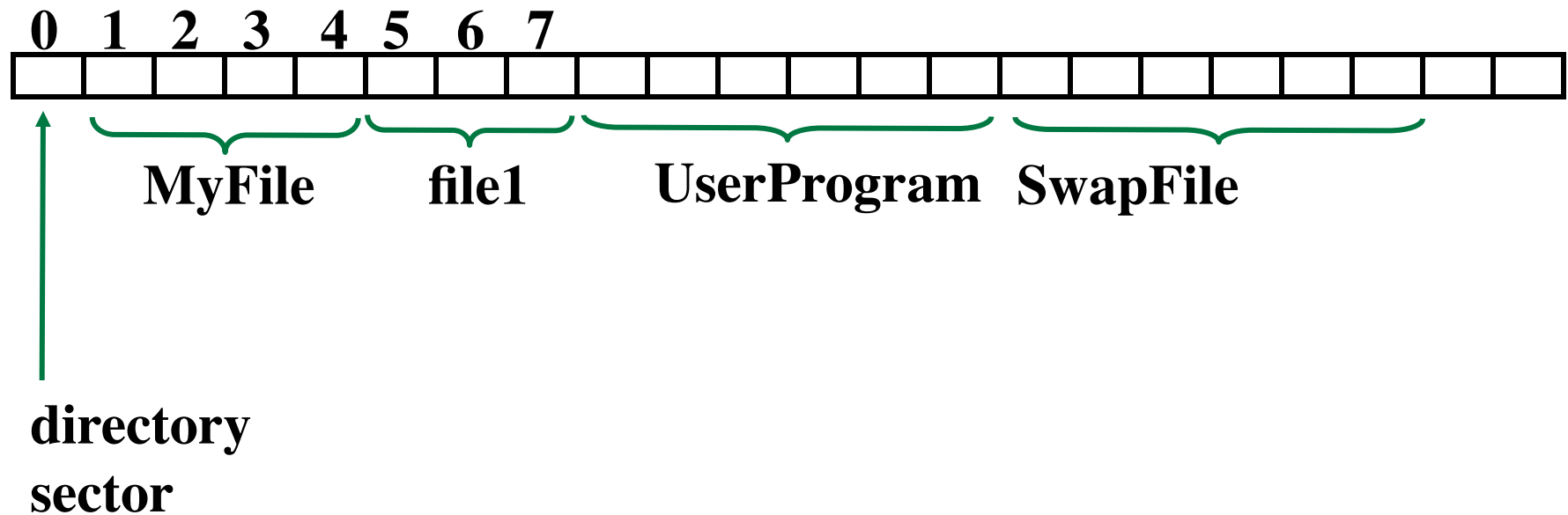
Name

Starting sector

Size (number of bytes)

All sectors for a file are contiguous

The “Stub” File System



The “diskUtil” Utility

Another BLITZ tool

Initialize the file system, create empty directory...

diskUtil -i

List the directory of the BLITZ “DISK”...

diskUtil -l

Copy a file from Unix to the BLITZ “DISK”...

diskUtil -a *UnixFileName BlitzFileName*

Get help info...

diskUtil -h

File-Related Classes

Class “FileControlBlock” (FCB)

Contains info kernel needs to read/write to a file

Where on disk

A buffer area to use

Length of file

Must have only one FCB per file

Class “FileManager”

A monitor

Where all the methods are

Class FileControlBlock

fields

fcbID: int

numberOfUsers: int

-- count of OpenFiles pointing here

startingSectorOfFile: int -- or -1 if FCB not in use

sizeOfFileInBytes: int

bufferPtr: ptr to void -- ptr to a page frame

relativeSectorInBuffer: int -- or -1 if none

bufferIsDirty: bool -- Set to true when buffer is modified

Class FileControlBlock

methods

Init ()

Print ()

Class OpenFile

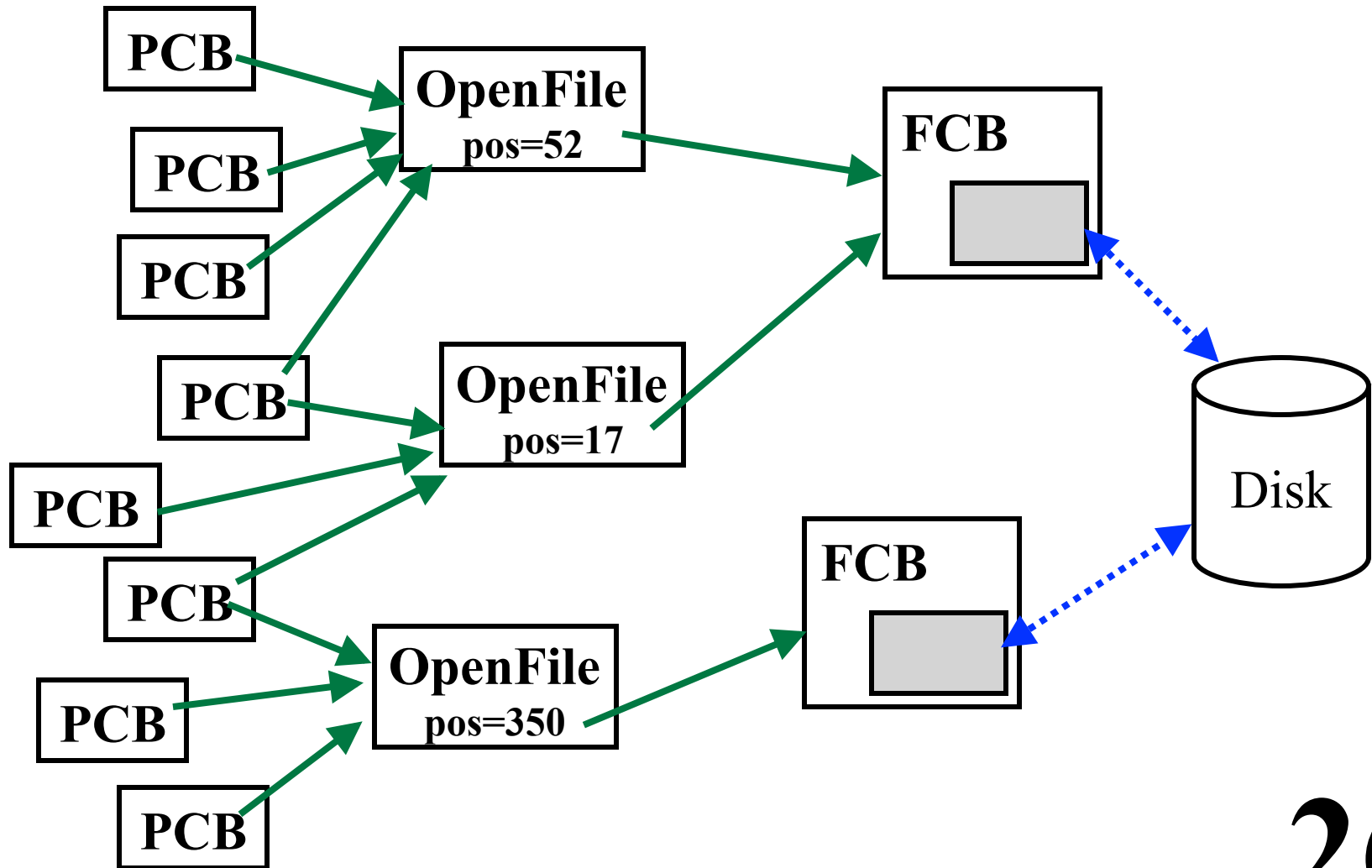
Contains:

Ptr to the FCB for this file

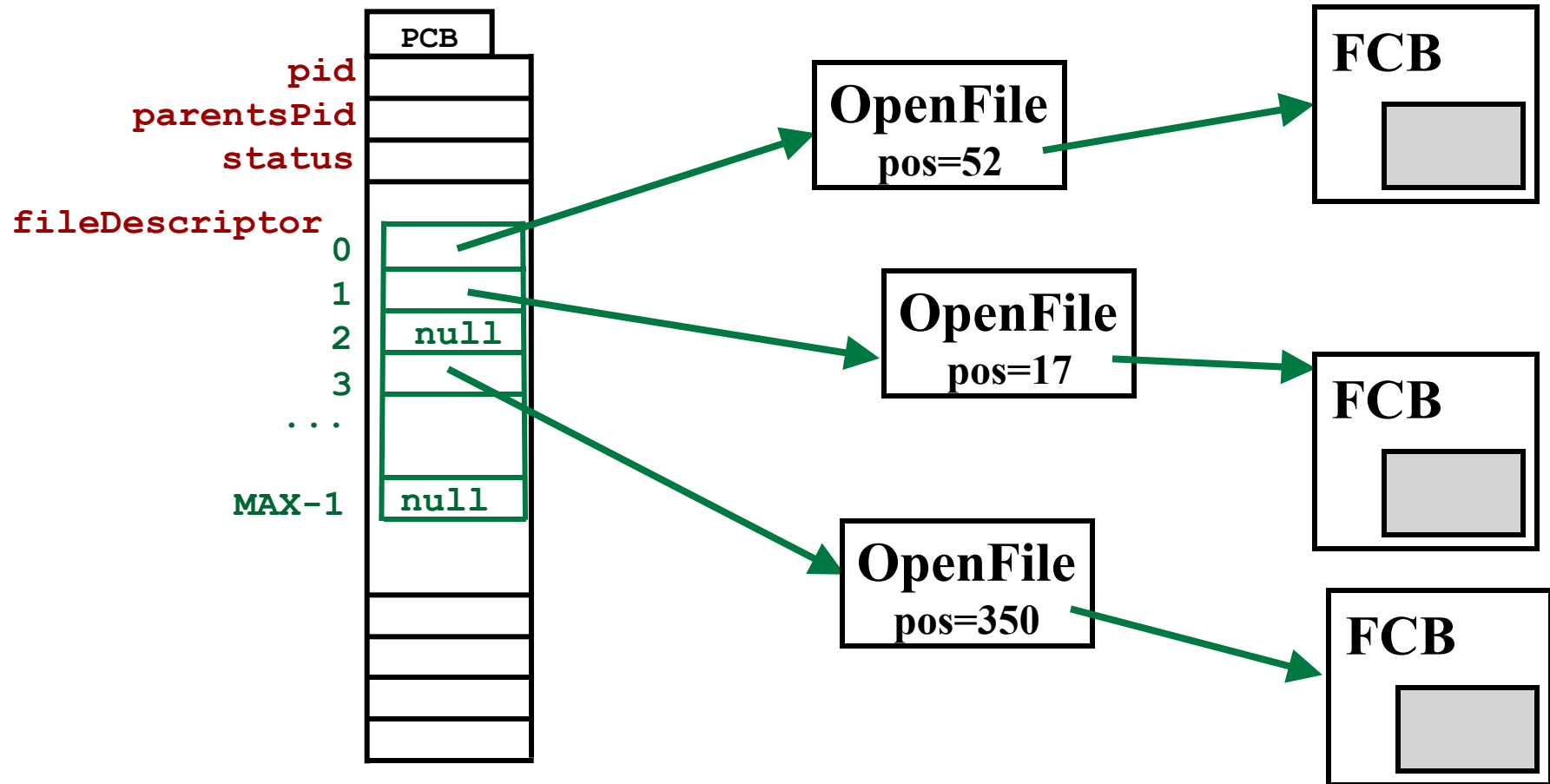
The “current position”

Processes point to “OpenFile”s, not “FCB”s

The Unix Open-File Model



File Descriptors



Class OpenFile

fields

currentPos: int -- 0 = first byte of file
fcb: ptr to FileControlBlock -- null = not open
numberOfUsers: int -- count of Processes pointing here

Class OpenFile

methods

Print ()

ReadBytes (targetAddr, numBytes: int) returns bool
-- returns true if all okay

ReadInt () returns int

LoadExecutable (addrSpace: ptr to AddrSpace) returns int
-- returns -1 if problems

Class FileManager

fields

fileManagerLock: Mutex

fcbTable: array [MAX_NUM_FILE_CONTROL_BLKs]
of FileControlBlock

anFCBBecameFree: Condition

fcbFreeList: List [FileControlBlock]

openFileTable: array [MAX_NUM_OPEN_FILES]
of OpenFile

anOpenFileBecameFree: Condition

openFileFreeList: List [OpenFile]

directoryFrame: ptr to void

Class FileManager

methods

Init ()

Print ()

FindFCB (filename: String) returns
ptr to FileControlBlock -- null if errors

Open (filename: String) returns ptr to OpenFile
-- null if errors

Close (open: ptr to OpenFile)

Flush (open: ptr to OpenFile)

SynchRead (open: ptr to OpenFile,
targetAddr, bytePos, numBytes: int) returns bool

SynchWrite (open: ptr to OpenFile,
targetAddr, bytePos, numBytes: int) returns bool

Class DiskDriver

fields

DISK_STATUS_WORD_ADDRESS: ptr to int
DISK_COMMAND_WORD_ADDRESS: ptr to int
DISK_MEMORY_ADDRESS_REGISTER: ptr to int
DISK_SECTOR_NUMBER_REGISTER: ptr to int
DISK_SECTOR_COUNT_REGISTER: ptr to int
semToSignalOnCompletion: ptr to Semaphore
semUsedInSynchMethods: Semaphore
diskBusy: Mutex

DiskInterruptHandler

```
currentInterruptStatus = DISABLED
-- print ("DiskInterruptHandler invoked!\n")
if diskDriver.semToSignalOnCompletion
    diskDriver.semToSignalOnCompletion.Up()
endIf
```

Class DiskDriver

methods

Init ()

SynchReadSector

(sectorAddr, numberOfSectors, memoryAddr: int)

StartReadSector

(sectorAddr, numberOfSectors, memoryAddr: int,
whoCares: ptr to Semaphore)

SynchWriteSector

(sectorAddr, numberOfSectors, memoryAddr: int)

StartWriteSector

(sectorAddr, numberOfSectors, memoryAddr: int,
whoCares: ptr to Semaphore)

Building a User-level Program

UserSystem.h

UserSystem.c

UserRuntime.s

MyProgram.h

MyProgram.c

```
%asm    UserRuntime.s
```

```
%kpl    UserSystem -unsafe
```

```
%asm    UserSystem.s
```

```
%kpl    MyProgram -unsafe
```

```
%asm    MyProgram.s
```

```
%lddd   UserRuntime.o UserSystem.o MyProgram.o  
        -o MyProgram
```

Put Executable on the BLITZ Disk

```
% diskUtil -i  
% diskUtil -a temp1 MyFileA  
% diskUtil -a temp2 MyFileB  
% diskUtil -a MyProgram MyProgram  
% diskUtil -l
```

<u>StartingSector</u>	<u>SizeInSectors</u>	<u>SizeInBytes</u>	<u>FileName</u>
=====	=====	=====	=====
0	1	8192	< directory >
1	1	8192	MyFileA
2	3	17000	MyFileB
5	8	60264	MyProgram

*The disk is emulated with a Unix file.
The filename ("DISK") is implicit.*

The First User-Level Program

MyProgram.h

```
header MyProgram
  uses UserSystem
  functions
    main ()
endHeader
```

MyProgram.c

```
code MyProgram
  function main ()
    print ("My user-level program is
                                             running!\n")
    Sys_Shutdown ()
  endFunction
endCode
```

System Calls (Wrapper functions)

function **Sys_Exit** (returnStatus: int)

function **Sys_Shutdown** ()

function **Sys_Yield** ()

function **Sys_Fork** () returns int

function **Sys_Join** (processID: int) returns int

function **Sys_Exec** (filename: String) returns int

function **Sys_Create** (filename: String) returns int

function **Sys_Open** (filename: String) returns int

function **Sys_Read** (fileDesc: int, buffer: ptr to char, sizeInBytes: int)
returns int

function **Sys_Write** (fileDesc: int, buffer: ptr to char, sizeInBytes: int)
returns int

function **Sys_Seek** (fileDesc: int, newCurrentPosition: int) returns int

function **Sys_Close** (fileDesc: int)

Wrapper Function

```
function Sys_Read (fileDesc: int,  
                    buffer: ptr to char,  
                    sizeInBytes: int) returns int  
return DoSyscall (SYSCALL_READ,  
                    fileDesc,  
                    buffer asInteger,  
                    sizeInBytes,  
                    0)  
endFunction
```

DoSyscall

external **DoSyscall** (funCode, arg1, arg2, arg3, arg4: int) returns
int

DoSyscall:

```
    load    [r15+8],r1    ! Move arg1 into r1
    load    [r15+12],r2   ! Move arg2 into r2
    load    [r15+16],r3   ! Move arg3 into r3
    load    [r15+20],r4   ! Move arg4 into r4
    load    [r15+4],r5    ! Move funcCode into r5
    syscall  r5           ! Do the syscall
    store   r1,[r15+4]    ! Move result from r1 onto stack
    ret                        ! Return
```

Two copies (User, Kernel) must match!

enum

```
SYSCALL_EXIT = 1,  
SYSCALL_SHUTDOWN,  
SYSCALL_YIELD,  
SYSCALL_FORK,  
SYSCALL_JOIN,  
SYSCALL_EXEC,  
SYSCALL_CREATE,  
SYSCALL_OPEN,  
SYSCALL_READ,  
SYSCALL_WRITE,  
SYSCALL_SEEK,  
SYSCALL_CLOSE
```

Virtual Address Space

- A Page for “environment” data
- Pages for the text segment
- Pages for the data segment
- Pages for the BSS segment
- Pages for the user’s stack

Typical:

0 environment pages

2 text pages

1 data page

0 BSS pages

1 stack page

4 pages → 32Kbyte Virtual Address Space