

A che ora parte il treno?

Listen to this episode of 5 minute Italian:

<http://joyoflanguages.com/italian-podcast-ask-travel-information/>

Before the lesson, practice saying these phrases:

Quanto costa = how much is

Un biglietto = a ticket

Per Bologna = to Bologna (literally: for Bologna)

Quanto costa? = how much does it cost?

Quanto costa il treno? = how much does the train cost?

Otto euro = eight euros

Quanto tempo ci mette? = how long does it take?

Quanto tempo = how long

Ci mette = it takes

Quaranta minuti = forty minutes

A che ora parte il treno? = what time does the train leave?

Alle sette = at seven

Tra venti minuti = in twenty minutes

I treni in Italia

“*Regionale o Intercity*”? When you take the train in Italy, you might hear this question. Let's learn about the different kinds of trains in Italy:

“*Il regionale*” is a local train which nearly stops at all the stops on the way. It's the slowest, but also the cheapest (and most scenic!).

“*L'Intercity*” is a train which goes directly between cities. It's faster and a bit more expensive than regional trains.

“*Freccia*” trains are long distance trains. They're the fastest and also the most expensive. The most common is the “*Freccia Rossa*”, which means “red arrow”. You can also get “*Freccia Argento*”, which means “silver arrow” and “*Freccia Bianca*”, which means “white arrow”. The *Rossa* is the fastest, followed by the *Argento* and the *Bianca*.

Andiamo a Lecco!

Ho una buona notizia: andiamo a Lecco ([è molto bella](#))!

I've got good news: we're going to Lecco (it's really pretty)!

Quanti treni vanno da Milano a Lecco al giorno?

How many trains go from Milan to Lecco a day?

Sono le 11:30. A che ora parte il prossimo treno?

It's 11:30. What time does the next train leave?

10822	MI.P.GARIBALDI	05:52	LECCO	06:54
10826	MI.P.GARIBALDI	06:52	LECCO	07:54
10830	MI.P.GARIBALDI	07:52	LECCO	08:54
10834	MI.P.GARIBALDI	08:52	LECCO	09:55
10838	MI.P.GARIBALDI	09:52	LECCO	10:55
10842	MI.P.GARIBALDI	10:52	LECCO	11:54
10846	MI.P.GARIBALDI	11:52	LECCO	12:55
10850	MI.P.GARIBALDI	12:52	LECCO	13:55
10854	MI.P.GARIBALDI	13:52	LECCO	14:55
10858	MI.P.GARIBALDI	14:52	LECCO	15:55
10862	MI.P.GARIBALDI	15:52	LECCO	16:55
10866	MI.P.GARIBALDI	16:52	LECCO	17:55
10870	MI.P.GARIBALDI	17:52	LECCO	18:55
10874	MI.P.GARIBALDI	18:52	LECCO	19:55
10878	MI.P.GARIBALDI	19:52	LECCO	20:55
10882	MI.P.GARIBALDI	20:52	LECCO	21:55

Continuiamo il nostro viaggio...

Let's continue our journey...

Oh no, il treno è in ritardo!

Il treno per Trieste è in ritardo di 50 minuti.

The train for Trieste is 50 minutes late (lit. late of 50 minutes).

PARTENZE		DEPARTURES			
Treno	Destinazione	Orario	Ritardo	Informazioni	Binario
Train	Destination	Time	Delay	Information	Platform
ES 8727	TRIESTE C.LE	18:05	50'	I-SIRMIONE (19.06) - UE	16
Italo AU 9977	NAPOLI C.LE	18:15	35'	BURTINA (21.04) - ROM	13
EC 10	ZURICH HB	18:25		CANCELLATO	
R 2154	DOMODOSSOLA	18:29	40'	ITE (19.01) - SESTO CAL	
AU 9653	ROMA TERMINI	18:30		ENTRALE (19.32)	14
Italo AU 9939	NAPOLI C.LE	18:35	30'	IO EMILIA AV MEDIOPADF	
ES 8825	ANCONA	18:35	30'	- REGGIO EMILIA (20.00)	
AU 9753	UDINE	18:45	15'	ERA DEL GARDA (19.42)	
AU 9555	AREZZO	18:50		ADANA (19.36) - BOLOG	
RMV24960	RMINAL 2	18:55		CANCELLATO	
				TERMINI (21.55)	

E gli altri treni?

What about the other trains?

Il treno per _____ è in ritardo di _____.

Da quale binario parte il treno?

Which platform/track does the train leave from?

Il treno per _____ parte dal binario _____.

Conversazione

In the lesson, you'll practise buying a train ticket, using the *Trenitalia* website.

<https://www.trenitalia.com/it.html>

Dove vuoi andare?

Where do you want to go?

Impiegato (person who works at the counter):

Buongiorno/buonasera = good morning/good evening

Prego = used to ask someone to order (a bit like "please, what would you like?")

Cliente:

Buongiorno/buonasera = good morning/good evening

Un biglietto per... = a ticket for...

Per favore = per favore

Impiegato:

Certo! = sure, of course!

Cliente:

Quanto costa? = How much does it cost?

Impiegato:

Costa... = it costs...

Cliente:

Quando parte? = When does it leave?

Impiegato:

Parte alle... = it leaves at...

C'è un treno alle... = there's a train at...

Alle otto = at eight o'clock

Alle otto e venticinque = at 8.25

Alle nove e trenta = at nine thirty

Cliente:

Quanto tempo ci mette? = How long does it take?

Impiegato:

Ci mette... = it takes...

Mezz'ora = half an hour

Un'ora = one hour

Due ore = due ore

Cliente:

Perfetto = perfect

Grazie! = thank you!

Impiegato:

Prego! = you're welcome!

Ecco il biglietto = here's your ticket

Arrivederci! = goodbye!

Tell us about your group! Where are you all going? When?

Andiamo a Roma. Il treno parte alle otto. Costa venti euro.

We're going to Rome. The train leaves at eight. It costs 20 euros.

Feedback

At the end of the lesson, the teacher will write some feedback here so that you can learn from the conversations:

Molto bene - very good 🎉

Correzioni - corrections

Nuove parole - new words

My progress (Print me)

Three things I don't want to forget

Use these lines for personal notes from the Speaking club.

Write three things you don't want to forget. We suggest words, sentences or grammar structures, or the most common mistakes you make that you want to correct, for example:

Words: *salve, stanco/a, conto*

Sentences: *Sono in pensione; Posso avere una tazzina di caffè?, ecc...*

Grammar structures: *Mi chiamo / si chiama; Mi piace il vino / mi piacciono i vini italiani, ecc.*

Common mistakes: *la mia moglie* ❌ → *mia moglie* ✅

Un po' di pratica!

During this coming week, practice using the three things you wrote above. You can use them during your lessons, with your friends, or in a text, whenever you can practice Italian. For every word you use, you win a star ★.

Esempio

Parola/frase usata	Come l'hai usata?	★
"Mi piace il vino"	I met an Italian friend and I told her: "Mi piace il vino"	✅

Parola/frase usata	Come l'hai usata?	★