

UNIT OPS
CE 474/574

DA-5 Soln. Set

Hardness Removal

GIVEN PH 7.3

$$Alk = 150 \text{ mg/L} / 50 \frac{\text{meq/L}}{\text{mg/L}} = 3.0 \text{ meq/L} = [\text{HCO}_3^-]$$

TH 165 mg/L

(Near pH 7.3)

FINAL TH - 75 mg/L

90 mg/L < 150 mg/L ∴ All hardness can be removed as CaCO_3 hardness (single stage)

Also TH 165 mg/L

CaH - 150 mg/L

MgH 15 mg/L ← Will not remove MgH

Find $[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]$ (CO_2) $\frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = 10^{-6.3}$

$$[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] = \frac{(3 \times 10^{-3})(10^{-7.3})}{10^{-6.3}} = \frac{(3 \times 10^{-3})(5 \times 10^{-8})}{(5 \times 10^{-7})}$$

$$= 3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M} = 6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eq/L}$$

∵ H_2CO_3 is Diprotic, hence

$$[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] = 0.6 \text{ meq/L}$$

$$1 \text{ mol} = 2 \text{ eq}$$

Hardness Removal $\Delta\text{TH} = 90 \text{ mg/L} / 50 = 1.8 \text{ meq/L}$

LIME DOSE: $[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] + [\Delta\text{TH}] + [\text{Residual CaCO}_3]$
 $= 0.6 + 1.8 + 0.6 = \underline{\underline{3.0 \text{ meq/L}}}$

LIME DOSE BY MASS: $\left(\frac{3.0 \text{ meq/L}}{2 \text{ meq/mol}}\right) \left(74 \frac{\text{mg Ca(OH)}_2}{\text{mmol}}\right) = \underline{\underline{111 \text{ mg/L}}}$ LIME

TOTAL DAILY DOSE $(111 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{L}})(0.106 \text{ MGD})(8.34) = \underline{\underline{98 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{d}}}}$

NOTE: I round off using exponential notation on the Chem. Calc's, so your exact numbers might be a little different

Final Water Composition:

$$[\text{Ca}^{2+}] = 60 \text{ mg/L} / 50 = 1.2 \text{ meq/L} = 0.60 \text{ mM}$$

$$[\text{Mg}] = 15 \text{ mg/L} / 50 = 0.3 \text{ meq/L} = 0.15 \text{ mM}$$

$$[\text{CO}_3^{2-}] = 0.6 \text{ meq/L} = 0.3 \text{ mM}$$

$$[\text{HCO}_3^-] = \text{Alk} - \Delta\text{TH} - \text{Res. CaCO}_3 = (3.0 - 1.8 - 0.6) \frac{\text{meq}}{\text{L}} = 0.6 \text{ meq/L}$$

pH: Calc. from $[\text{HCO}_3^-]$ & $[\text{CO}_3^{2-}]$

$$\frac{[\text{CO}_3^{2-}][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{HCO}_3^-]} = 10^{-10.3} \Rightarrow [\text{H}^+] = \frac{[\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{CO}_3^{2-}]} 10^{-10.3}$$

$$\text{pH} = \underline{10.0}$$

Must use
 $[\text{CO}_3^{2-}]$ in mM
 NOT meq/L

$$(0.6/0.3) 10^{-10.3} = 10^{-10.0}$$

BONUS
 1 PT

Recarbonate w/ Atmospheric CO_2

$$[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3] = P_{\text{CO}_2} \cdot K_H = 10^{-3.5} \cdot 10^{-1.5} = 10^{-5.0} \text{ M}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Final } [\text{HCO}_3^-] &\approx \overset{\text{pre-CO}_2}{\text{Alkalinity}} = [\text{HCO}_3^-] + 2[\text{CO}_3^{2-}] \\ &= (0.6 + 0.6) \text{ mM} \\ &= 1.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{And } \frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{HCO}_3^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]} = 10^{-6.3} \quad (\text{actually } 4.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ to be more precise like the text})$$

$$[\text{H}^+] = \frac{[\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3]}{[\text{HCO}_3^-]} 10^{-6.3} = \frac{10^{-5.0}}{1.2 \times 10^{-3}} \cdot (4.3 \times 10^{-7}) = 3.5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$$

$$\text{pH} = 8.4$$

← OK for release to system
 but might want higher CO_2 dose
 to bring it under 8