Concrete Mixing In-class Problem

EAS 199B

A batch of masonry cement is made by mixing three 5-gallon buckets of wet sand with one 70 lb_f bag of masonry mix and 3 gallons of water. The sand used in the mix is partially wet, containing an unknown amount of water.

- a. If the final batch of "mud" contains 11.3% water by weight when the desired consistency is reached, how many gallons of water did the sand used in the mixture contain? Assume the wet sand and dry sand occupy the same volume. Answer: 1.48 gal.
- b. What is the weight of the final batch of mud?

Be sure to follow the systematic presented in class when solving this problem. Remember that learning the correct solution process is just as important as getting the correct answer.

Potentially useful information for this problem:

Specific weight of water = 8.33 lb_f/gal.

Specific weight of dry sand = $111 \text{ lb}_f/\text{ft}^3$.

1 gal = 0.1337 ft^3

1/4

CAMPAD

Initial:

- 3 5-gallon pails of wet sand with unknown water content
- 70 lb bag of masonry mix
- 3 gallono of water

Final:

Unknown mass of "mud" made by mixing all the ingredients from the initial state. The final mixture is 11.3% H20

- (1) This is a batch problem. The mitial and final states are known and there is no flow.
- (2) Schematic

Total the sand
$$t = 70 \text{ mud}$$
 $t = 70 \text{ mud}$ $t = 70$

Note: The wet sand is the product of another mixing process

The water fills the voids in the dry sand without changing its

From the wet sand mixture we know that

$$W_{s,i} = 80$$

$$= \left(\frac{111 \frac{16}{ft^3}}{ft^3}\right) \left(\frac{9a}{ga}\right) \left(\frac{0.1337 ft^3}{gal}\right) = 222.6 lb_f$$

$$W_{s,i} = 222.6 lb_f = W_{eng, sand}$$

We can also calculate the weight of the three gallons of added water $V_{W,add} = 8.33$ lb/gal

(3) Write Mosses of each constituent at the mitial and final state

Unknowns: Wws,:, Xw,e, Wnud, Xs,f (Xm,f=1-Xm,f-Xs,f)
Four equations

Combine Egnation (1) and (4)

Wws, i Xw, i + Ww, add = (Wdry, sand + Wdry, mix + Wws; Xw, i + Ww, add) Xw, f

Substitute Known values to snuplify

$$X_{w,f} = 0.113$$
 Waysand = 222.6 lbf
 $W_{dyy} m x = 70 lbf$
 $W_{w,add} = 24.99 lbf$
 $317.59 lbf$

$$\Rightarrow W_{ws,i} \times_{w,i} \left(1-0.113\right) = \left(317.59 \, lb_{f} \right) \left(0.113\right) - 24.99 \, lb_{f}$$

$$10.90 \, lb_{f}$$

Substitute this result back into Egnatur (1)

$$W_{mnd} = \frac{1}{X_{w,f}} \left[W_{ws,i} X_{w,i} + W_{w,add} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.113} \left[12.251b_f + 24.591b_f \right] = 329.88$$

$$W_{mnd} = 329.91b_f$$

compute the volume of water in the nitial wet sand

$$W_{w,i} = \frac{12.29 \, lbf}{8.33 \, lbf/gal}$$

CHECK: Use Egnatius (2) and (3) to compute Xs,f and Xm,f and then test whether $X_{W,f} + X_{S,f} + X_{M,f} = 1$

Now test:

$$X_{w,f} + X_{s,f} + X_{w,f} \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$

$$0.113 + 0.6749 + 0.2122 = 1$$

Close enough
given the roundulf
errors in the
intermediate
calculations