

CS322 Languages and Compiler Design II

Spring 2012

Lecture 6

Why have one?

- Simplify compilation task by dividing into stages
- Ease porting to new source or target language
- Ease implementation of code transformations

Must bridge source and object code styles

Source code is primarily **hierarchical**

- expressions
- structured control statements
- (perhaps) local scoping

Object code is primarily **linear**

- explicit intermediate values
- explicit labels and jumps
- flat name space

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SOURCE CODE → ?? → OBJECT CODE

Intermediate language is a compromise

- maintain some hierarchy for ease of generating I.L.
- linearize somewhat for ease of generating object code
- many possibilities

Linear machine-like code

- expressions are linearized, with intermediate results in temporaries
- use explicit labels & jumps
- flat address space

I.R. trees

- expressions remain in tree form
- use explicit labels & jumps
- locally-scoped temporaries

Stack machine code

- expressions are linearized with intermediate results on stack
- use explicit labels & jumps

SPECIFYING 3-ADDRESS CODE

General form: three operands, one operator

$$X := Y \text{ op } Z$$

Typical operators:

```
A := B
A := B op C
goto L
if0 A goto L
A := addr B
A := *B
```

Operands: named variables, temporaries, labels.

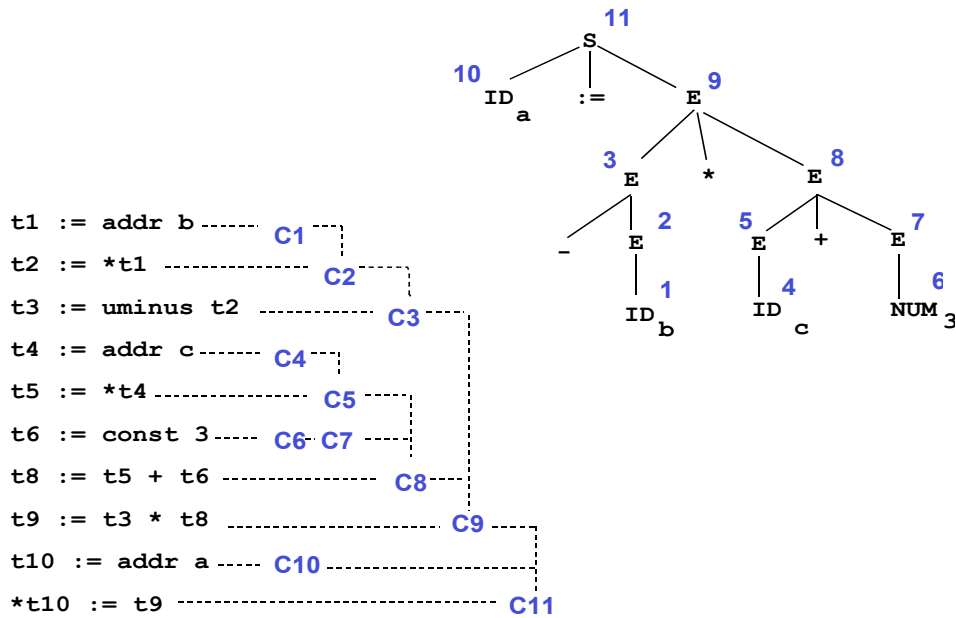
Assume an abstract instruction-generation function:

$$\text{gen}(\text{result}, \text{operator}, \text{arg1}, \text{arg2})$$

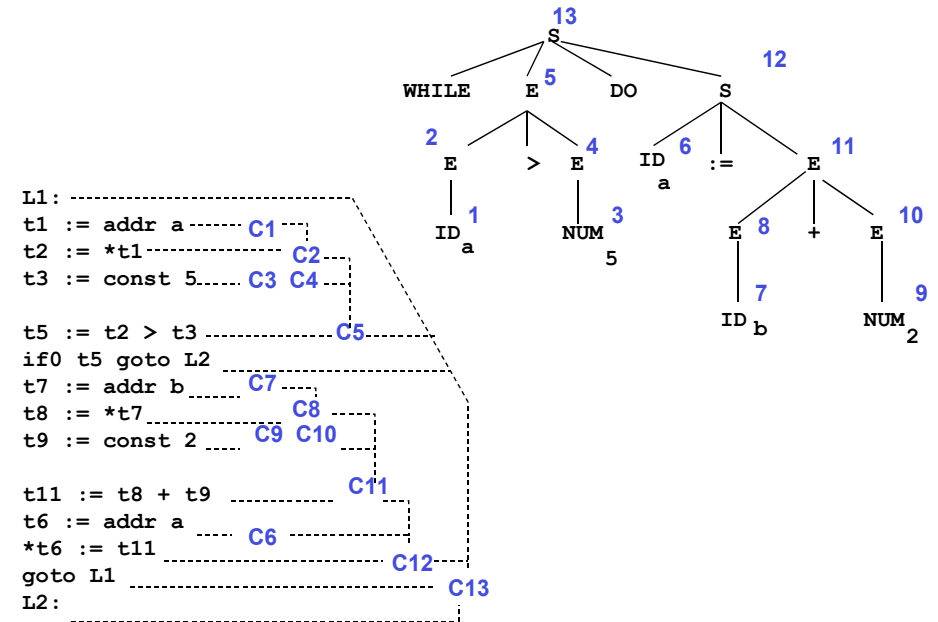
- can produce strings, "quads," or whatever.

Quite ad-hoc: we'll add new instructions when we need to.

Example: 3-Addr Code for $a := -b * (c + 3)$



Example: 3-Addr Code for $\text{while } a > 5 \text{ do } a := b + 2$



SYNTAX-DIRECTED TRANSLATION OF EXPRESSIONS

$E := V$ $E.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $E.\text{code} = V.\text{code} @ [\text{gen}(E.\text{place}, *, V.\text{place}, _)]$

$E := N$ $E.\text{place} = N.\text{place};$
 $E.\text{code} = N.\text{code}$

$E := E '+' E$ $E.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $E.\text{code} = E1.\text{code} @ E2.\text{code} @ [\text{gen}(E.\text{place}, +, E1.\text{place}, E2.\text{place})]$

$E := '-' E$ $E.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $E.\text{code} = E1.\text{code} @ [\text{gen}(E.\text{place}, \text{uminus}, E1.\text{place})]$

$E := E '>' E$ $E.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $E.\text{code} = E1.\text{code} @ E2.\text{code} @ [\text{gen}(E.\text{place}, >, E1.\text{place}, E2.\text{place})]$

$V := \text{VAR}$ $V.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $V.\text{code} = [\text{gen}(V.\text{place}, \text{addr}, \text{VAR}.\text{var}, _)]$

$N := \text{NUM}$ $N.\text{place} = \text{newtemp}();$
 $N.\text{code} = [\text{gen}(N.\text{place}, \text{const}, \text{NUM}.\text{num}, _)]$

CONTRAST: SYNTAX-DIRECTED EVALUATION OF EXPRESSIONS

$E := V$ $E.\text{val} = *V.\text{loc}$

$E := N$ $E.\text{val} = N.\text{val}$

$E := E '+' E$ $E.\text{val} = E1.\text{val} + E2.\text{val}$

$E := '-' E$ $E.\text{val} = - E1.\text{val}$

$E := E '>' E$ $E.\text{val} = (E1.\text{val} > E2.\text{val}) ? 1 : 0$

$V := \text{VAR}$ $V.\text{loc} = \text{lookup}(\text{VAR}.\text{var})$

$N := \text{NUM}$ $N.\text{val} = \text{NUM}.\text{num}$

SYNTAX-DIRECTED TRANSLATION OF STATEMENTS

```
S := V ':=' E      S.code = E.code @ V.code @  
                    [gen(*V.place, :=, E.place, _)]
```

```
S := S1 ';' S2     S.code = S1.code @ S2.code
```

```
S := WHILE E DO S1  S.code = let begin = newlabel()  
                             end = newlabel()  
                             in [gen(begin, : , _ , _)] @  
                                 E.code @  
                                 [gen(end, if0, E.place, _)] @  
                                 S1.code @  
                                 [gen(begin, goto, _ , _),  
                                 gen(end, : , _ , _)]
```

WHILE generates:

```
L1: if0 E goto L2  
    S1  
    goto L1  
L2:
```

CONTRAST: SYNTAX-DIRECTED EVALUATION OF STATEMENTS

```
S := V ':=' E      exec() {update(V.loc, E.val):}
```

```
S := WHILE E DO S1  exec() {while (E.val <> 0) S1.exec();}
```

```
S := S1 ';' S2     exec() {s1.exec(); s2.exec();}
```