Very Long Instruction Word (VLIW) Architectures

Compiler extracts parallelism
- Static scheduling
- Trace scheduling
- Multiple operations to various execution units grouped together in one very long instruction
- Compiler schedule based on pre-knowledge of hardware execution units and latencies
- Simple hardware
  - No dependence checks in hardware

Trace Scheduling
- Profiling to identify most frequent traces
- Compiler schedules as if trace is one big basic block
  - Moves instructions across branches
  - Moves loads above earlier stores
  - Compensation code for early exits from trace
  - NOPs inserted when slots cannot be filled with parallel operations
  - Compiler schedules for a specific hardware implementation
- Repeat scheduling the next most frequent trace, including compensation code
  - See figures in paper p. 265, 266

The ELI-512
- Has 16 clusters,
  - Each containing an ALU and some storage
  - Arranged circularly with some extra communication links
- 500+bit instruction word to initiate the following in each instruction cycle:
  - 16 ALU operations: 8 32-bit integer, 8 use 64-bit ALUs (including floating point)
  - 8 pipelined memory references
  - 32 register accesses
  - Many data movements
  - A multi-way conditional jump based on several independent tests
- See top figure in paper p. 268

Some VLIW Requirements
- Difference between VLIWs and vector architectures (discuss)
- VLIWs need clever Jump mechanisms
  - N tests, N+1 jump destinations
  - Similar to C’s switch statement
- VLIW compilers must predict memory banks

VLIW Issues
- Backward compatibility
  - Requires recompilation for new hardware
- Low code density
  - NOPs and compensation code
- Compiler cannot anticipate dynamic events or account for variable execution latencies
  - Cache misses
  - Memory disambiguation
  - Branch outcomes
EPIC and the Itanium

- Solves some of the issues in VLIW
  - Compiler provides register dependence information and hardware schedules accordingly
  - Eliminates NOPs
  - Provides backward compatibility
- Provides hardware mechanisms for events that cannot be predicted by the compiler
  - Predication for branches
  - Control speculation
  - Data speculation
- Go to Itanium Slides

Reading Assignment